

Mining EEG Brain Dynamics: New Directions in Functional Brain Imaging



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Human Functional Brain Imaging

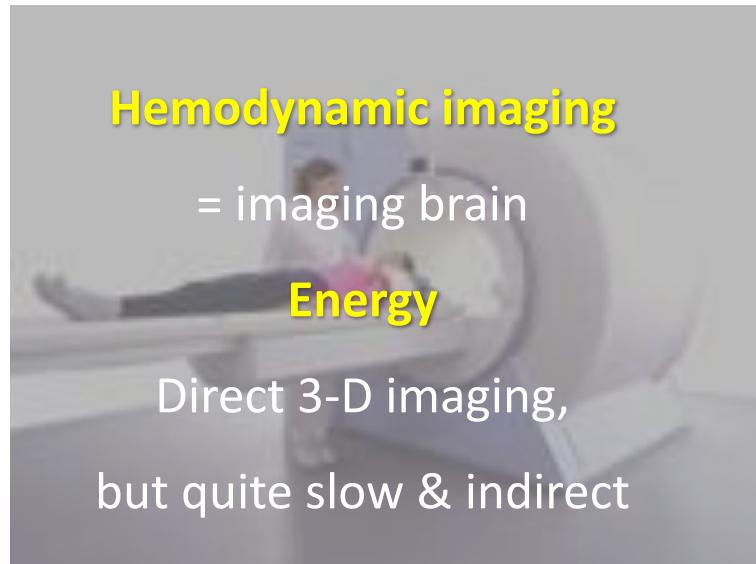
EEG

fMRI

fEEG

MoBI

BCI
ESI

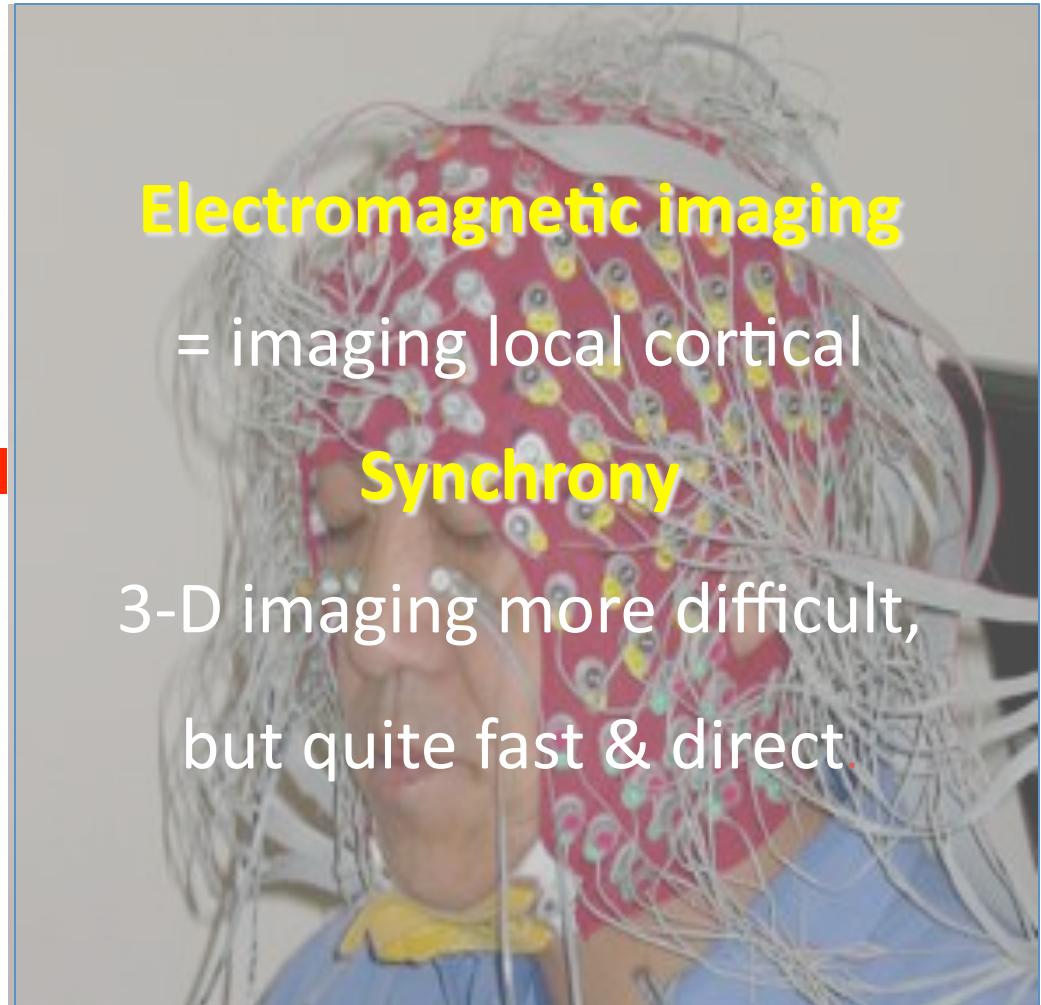


Electromagnetic imaging

= imaging local cortical

Synchrony

3-D imaging more difficult,
but quite fast & direct.



Human EEG History

Some EEG milestones

- 1926 ~1st human functional brain 'imaging'
- 1938 1st EEG spectral analysis
'reading the EEG'
- 1962 1st computer for EP averaging (CAT)
'event-related potential (ERP) averaging'
- 1995 1st multisource EEG filtering by ICA
'functional EEG brain imaging'
- 2009 ~1st commercial dry electrode devices
'mobile, wireless, wearable MoBI'
- 201? ~1st extremely high density ECoG system
'electrocortical source imaging (ESI)'

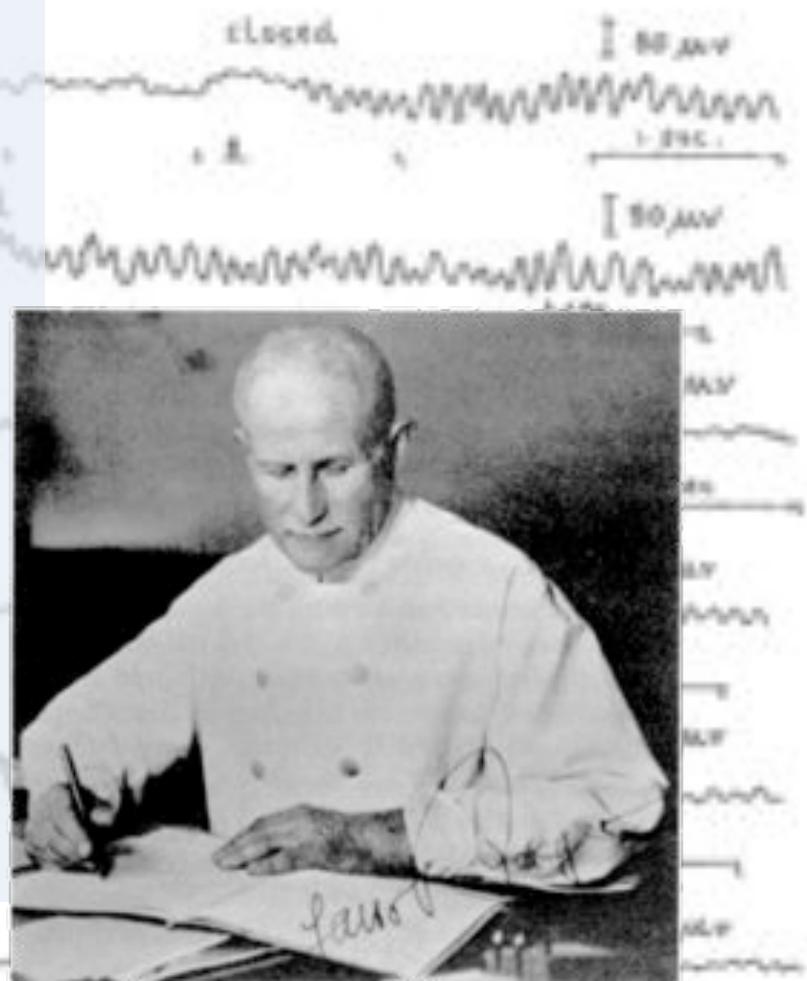
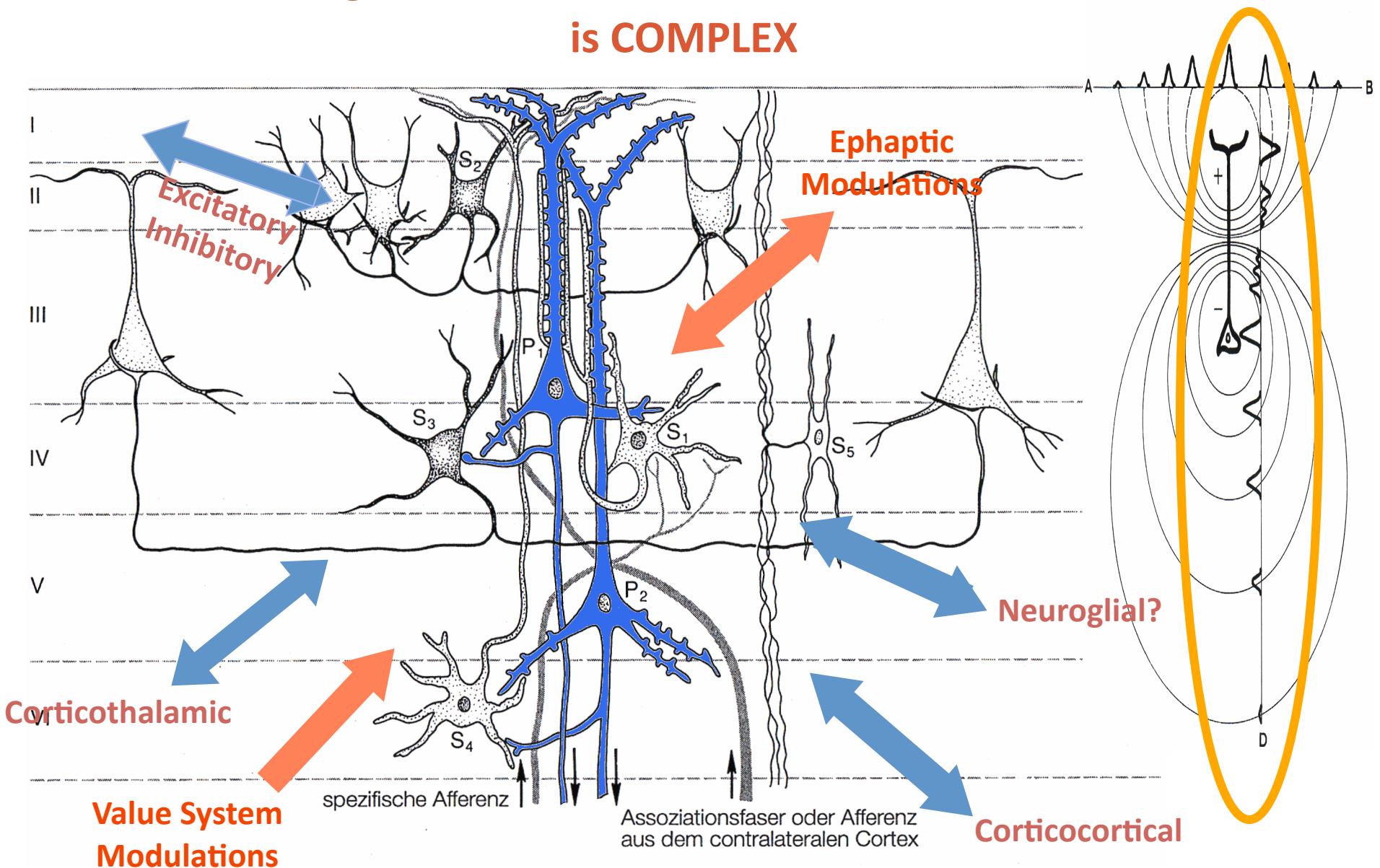
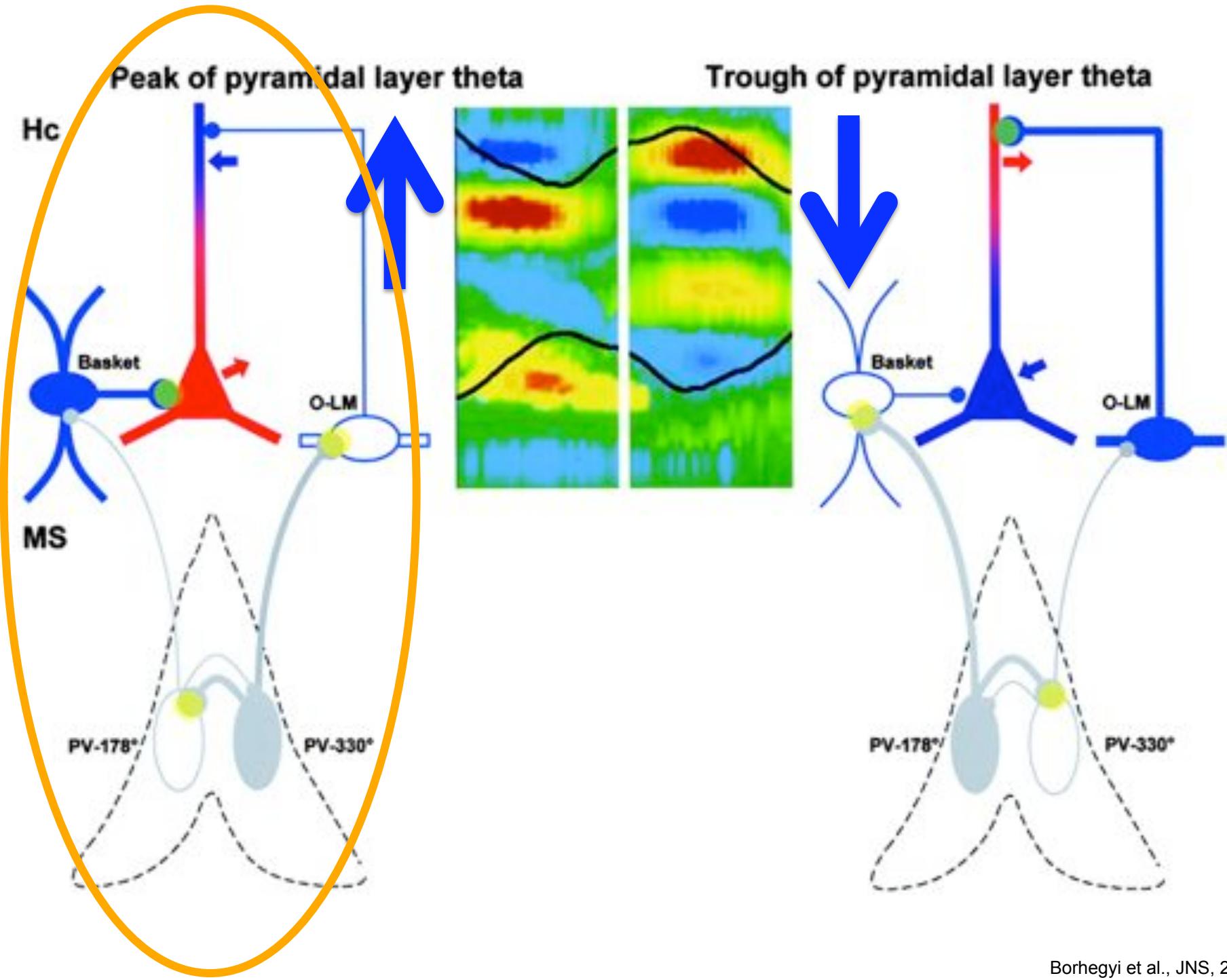


FIGURE 1-1.—Professor Hans Berger (1873-1941), neuro-psychiatrist, University of Jena, Jena, Germany, first to discover and describe in 1929 a unique kind of electrical activity recorded from the brain of man, which he named the electroencephalogram (Elektrenkephalogramm).

FIGURE 1-2.—Sample of the first EEG tracing taken at the Bradley Hospital, E. Providence, Rhode Island, by H. Jasper and L. Carmichael. Subject: Carl Pfaffmann. Date: July 9, 1934. Record, which shows prominent alpha rhythm of about 11.5 per second, was made with a Westinghouse, galvanometer-type, mirror oscillograph. Time line above: 25 Hz.

The generation and modulation of EEG / LFP is COMPLEX





Brain dynamics are inherently multi-scale

Local
Extracellular
Fields

At each spatial recording scale, the signal is produced by active partial coherence of distributed activities at the next smaller scale.

Intracellular and peri-cellular fields

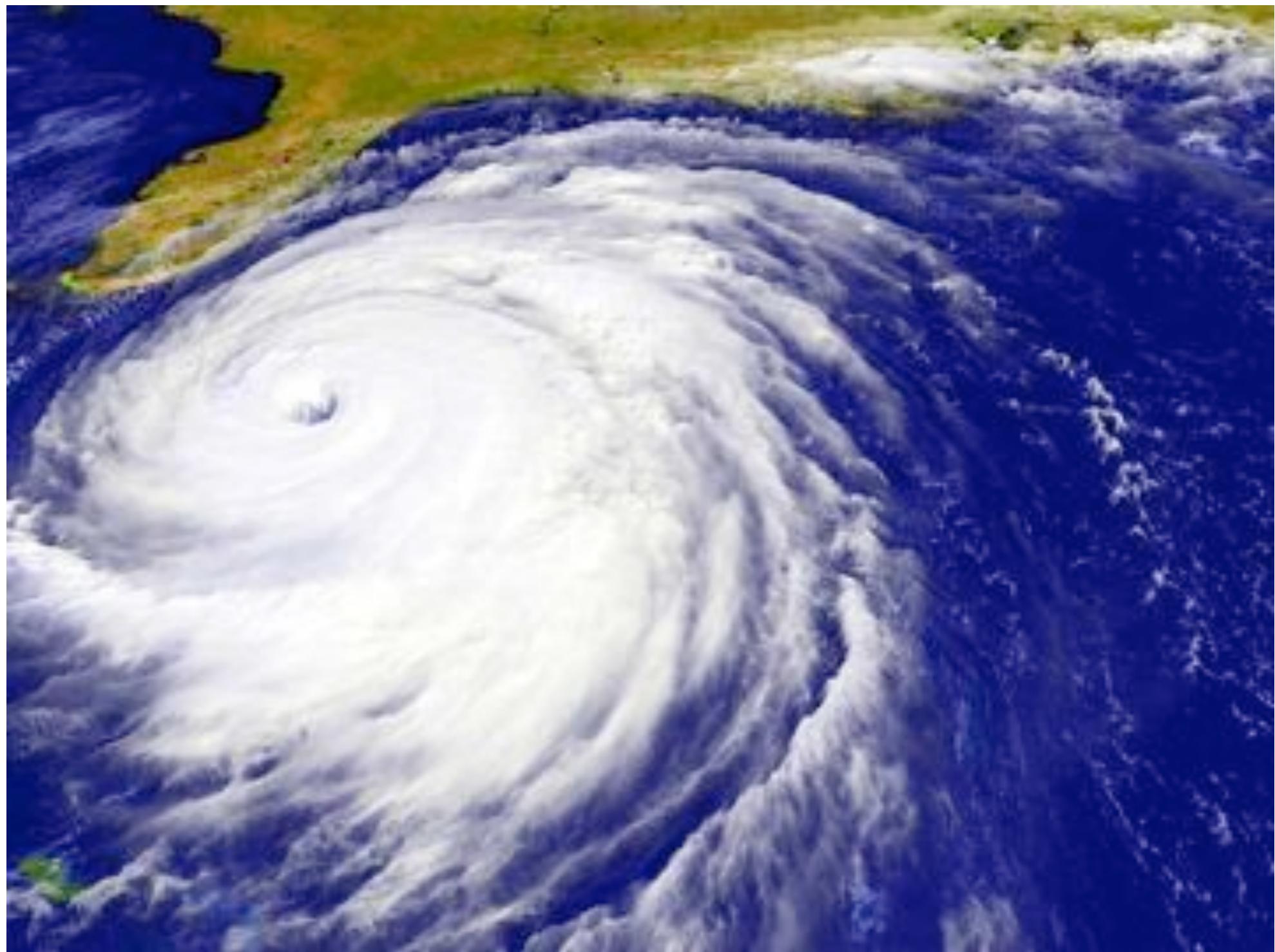
Synaptic and other trans-membrane potentials

Scale chauvinism

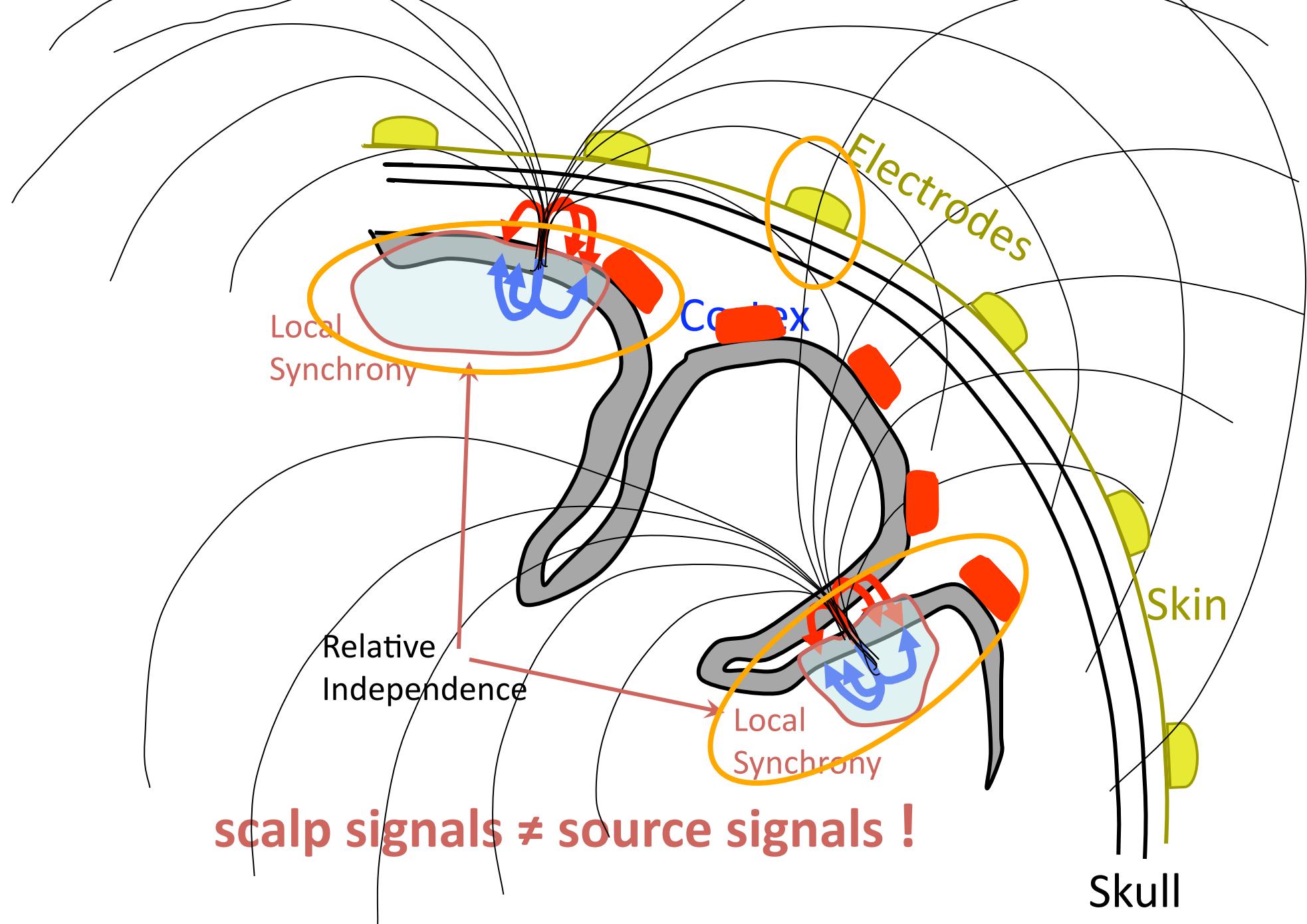
Phase cones (Freeman)

Avalanches (Plenz)

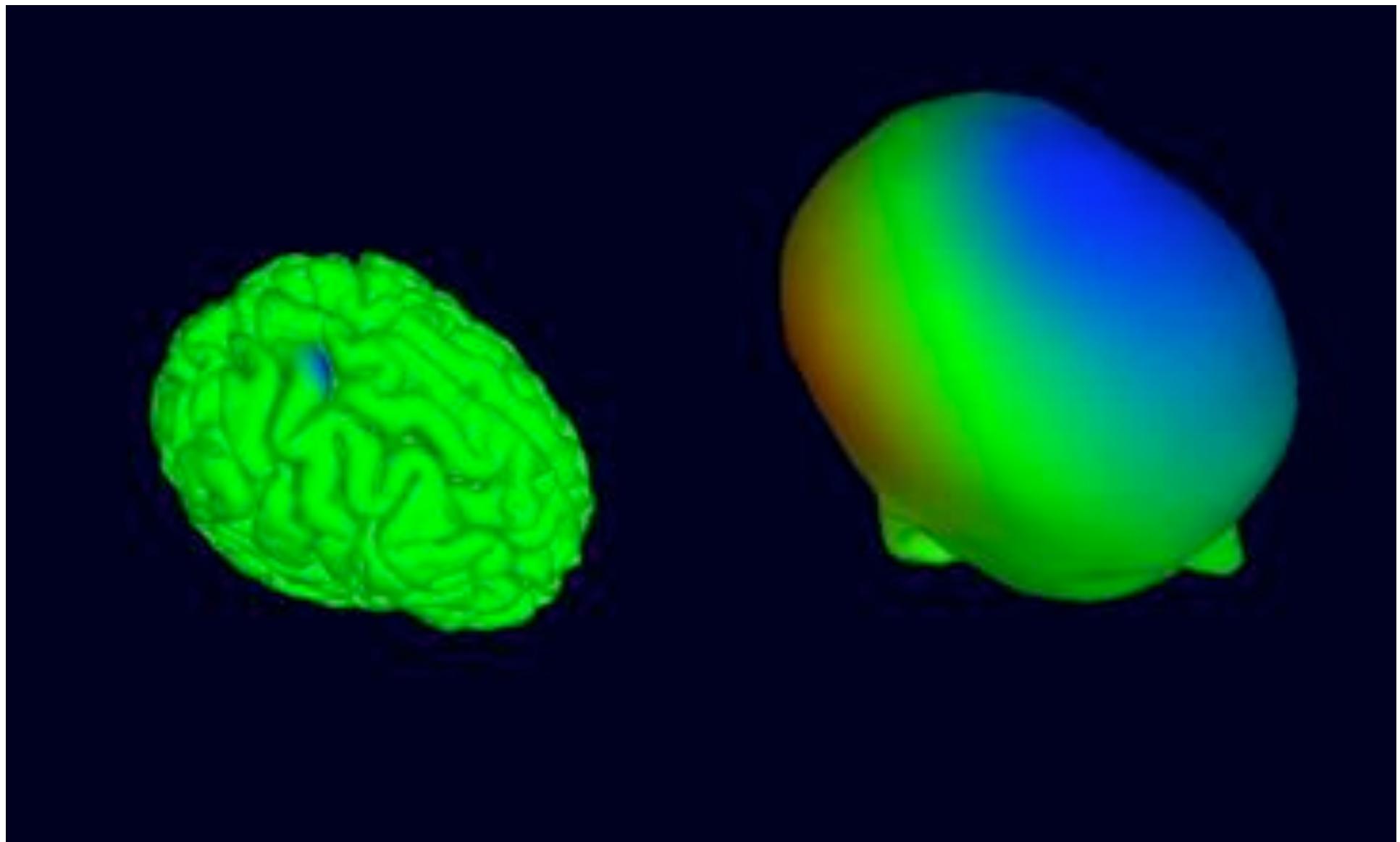






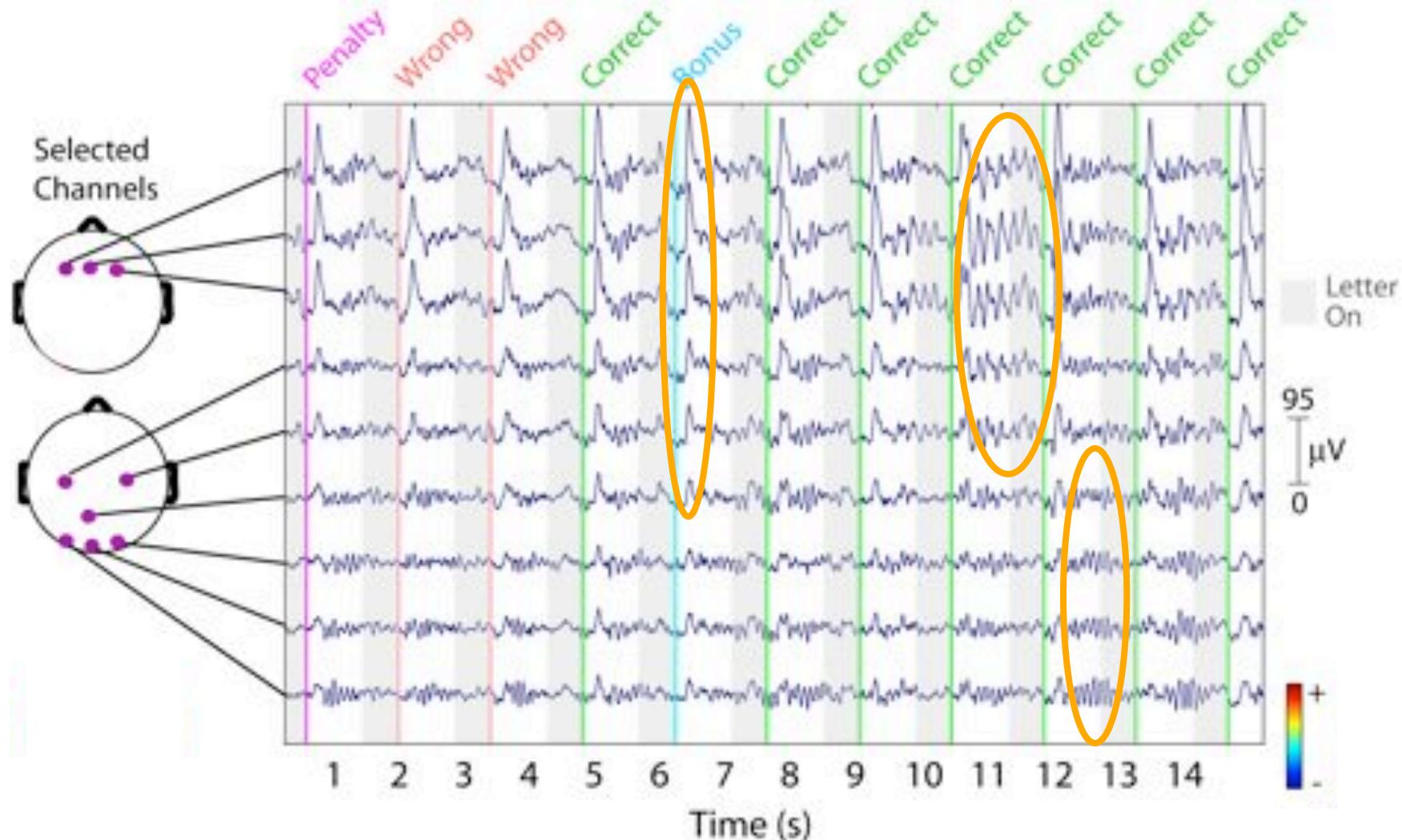


The very broad EEG point-spread function

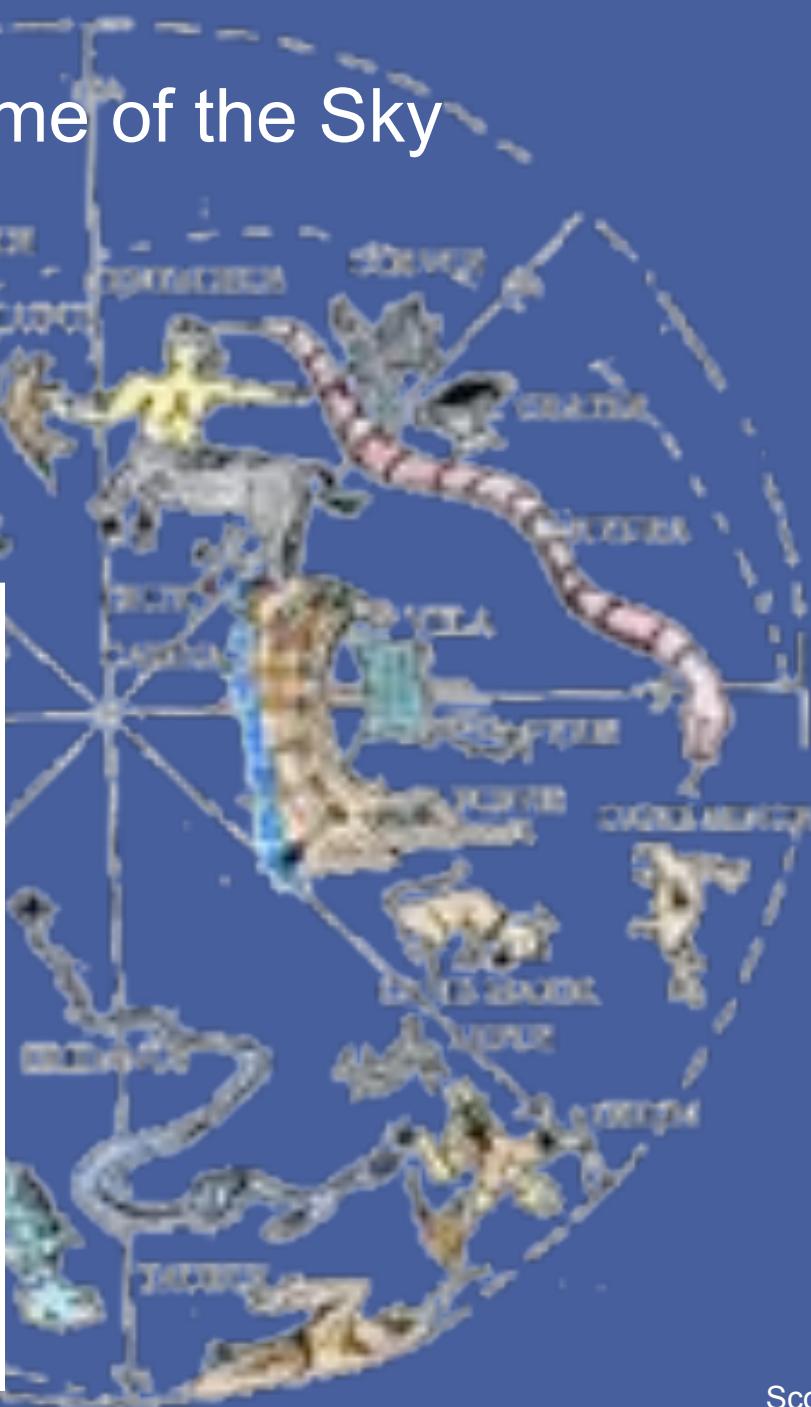
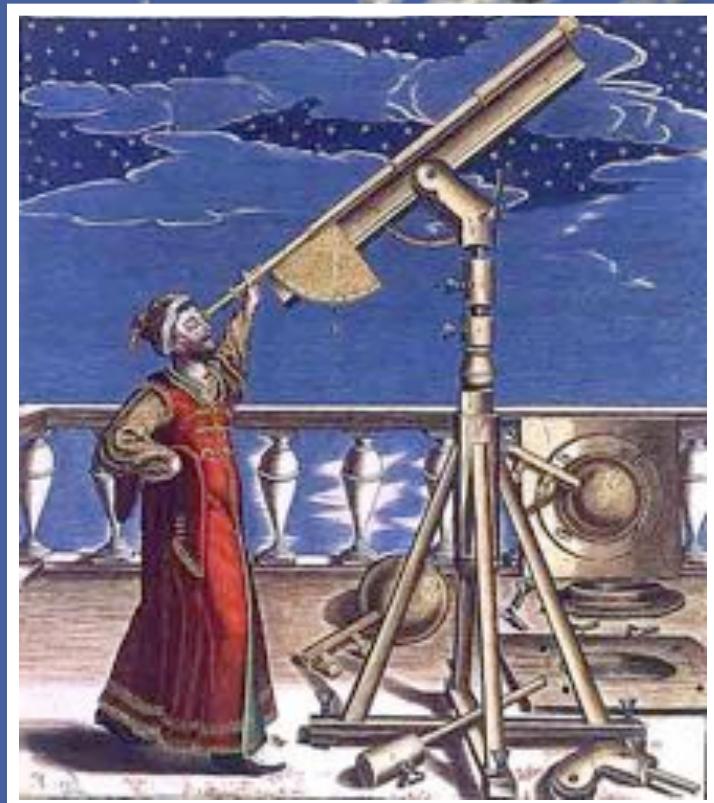


Z. Akalin Acar & S. Makeig 2010

Human Electroencephalogram (EEG)

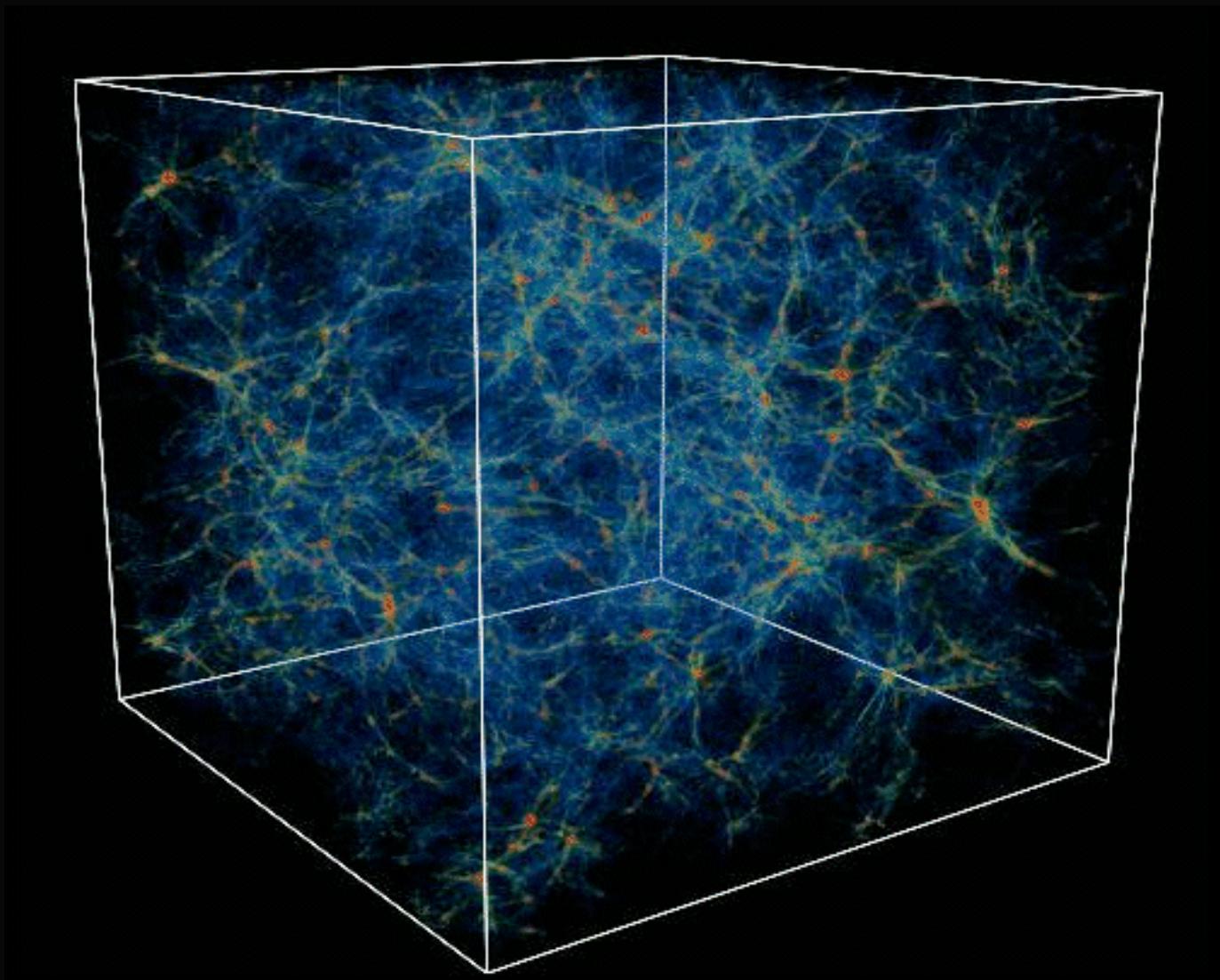


The Dome of the Sky

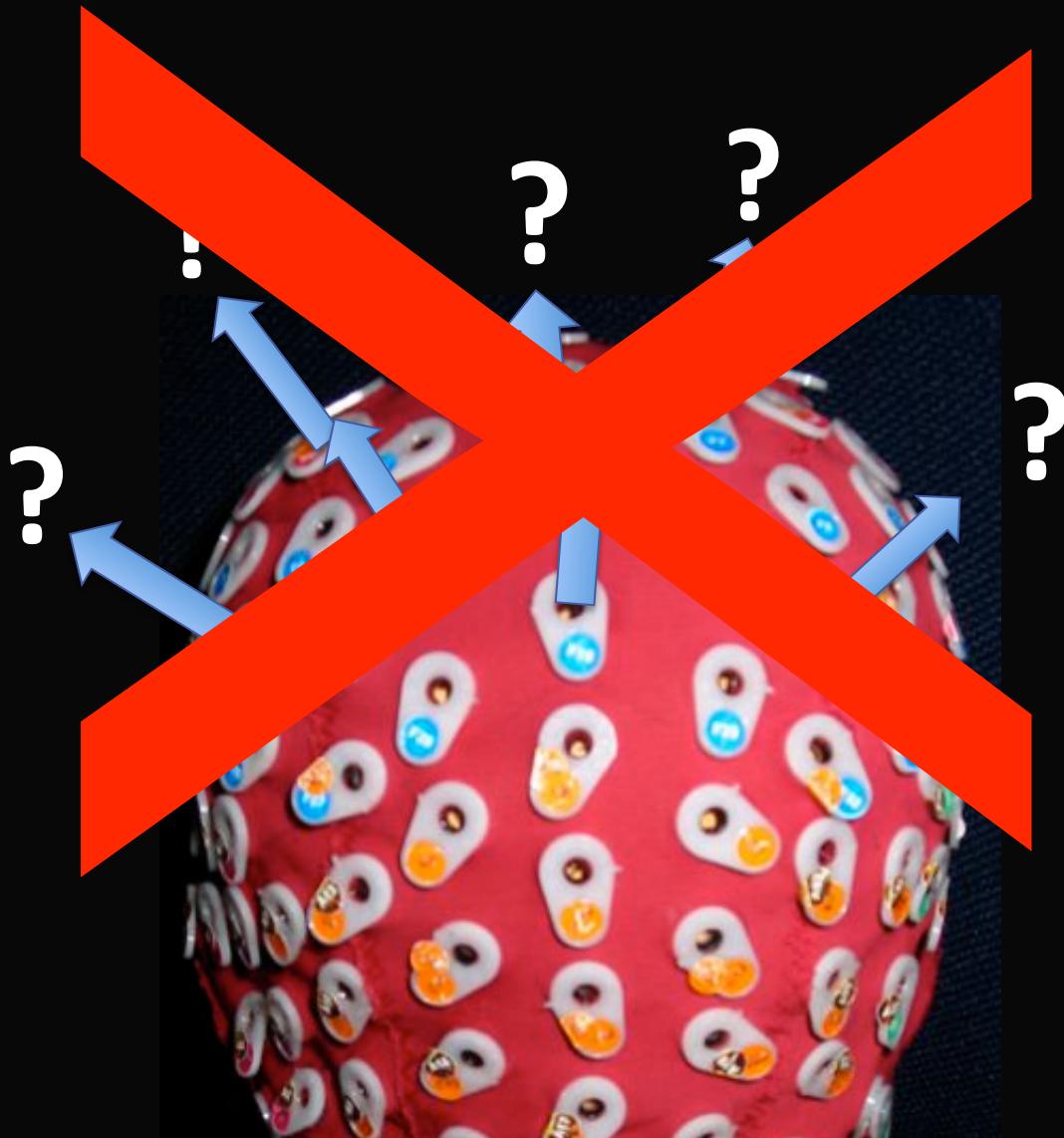


Scott Makeig 2008

3-D structure of the Universe



NASA 2009



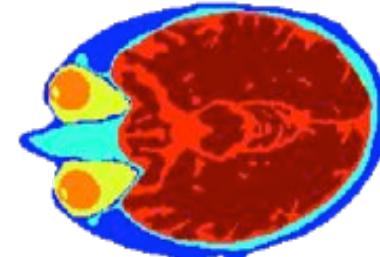
2-D Interpretation of Scalp EEG Signals ?

Electromagnetic source localization

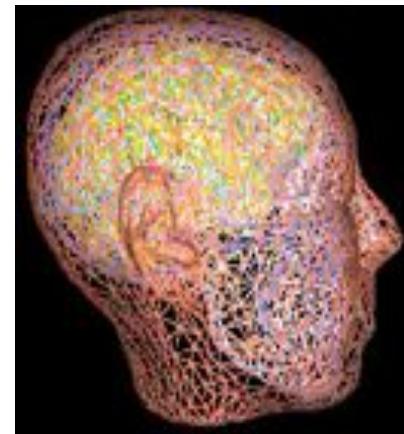
Solve the forward problem using realistic head models (BEM)



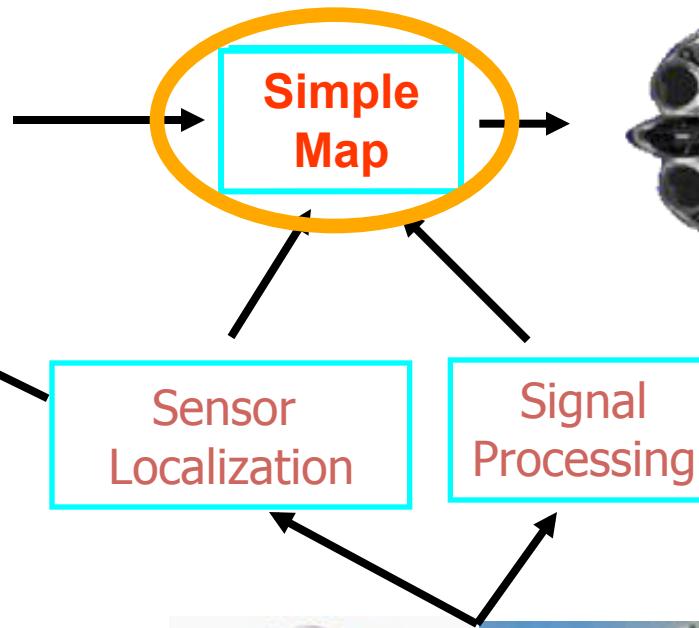
MRI



Segmentation

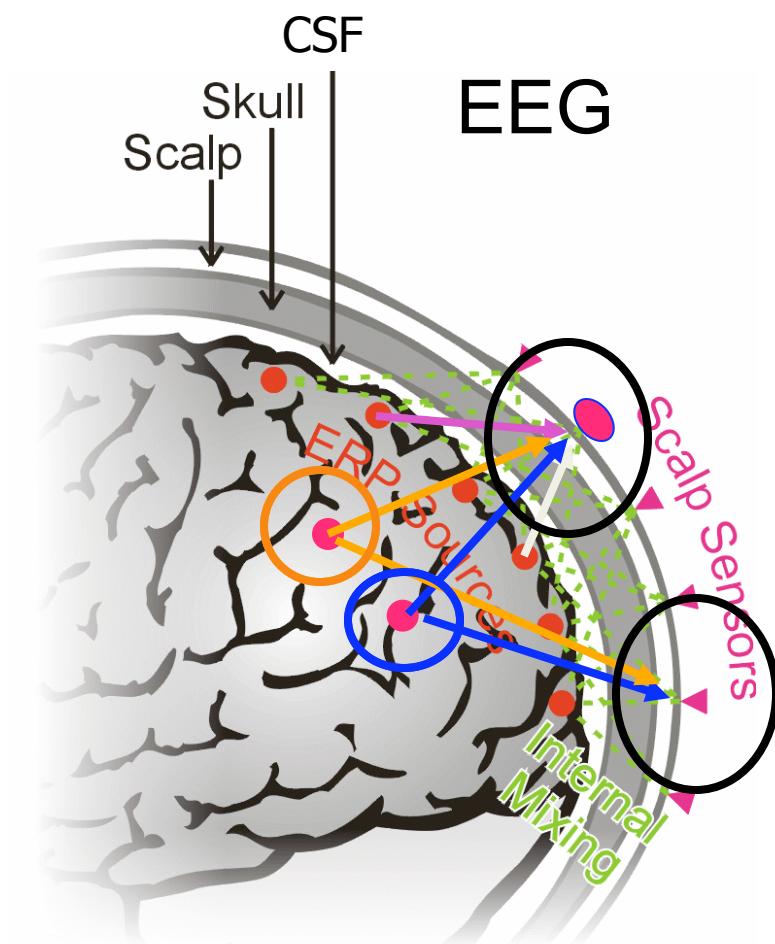


Mesh generation

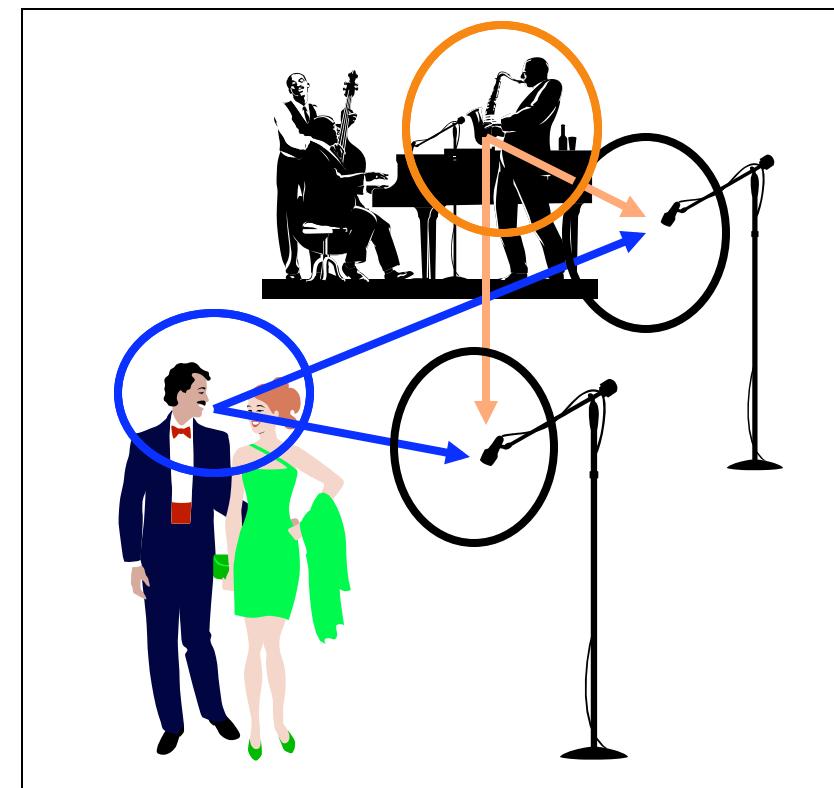


EEG/MEG

Blind EEG Source Separation by Independent Component Analysis



Cocktail Party



S. Makeig (2000)

Independent Component Analysis of Electroencephalographic Data



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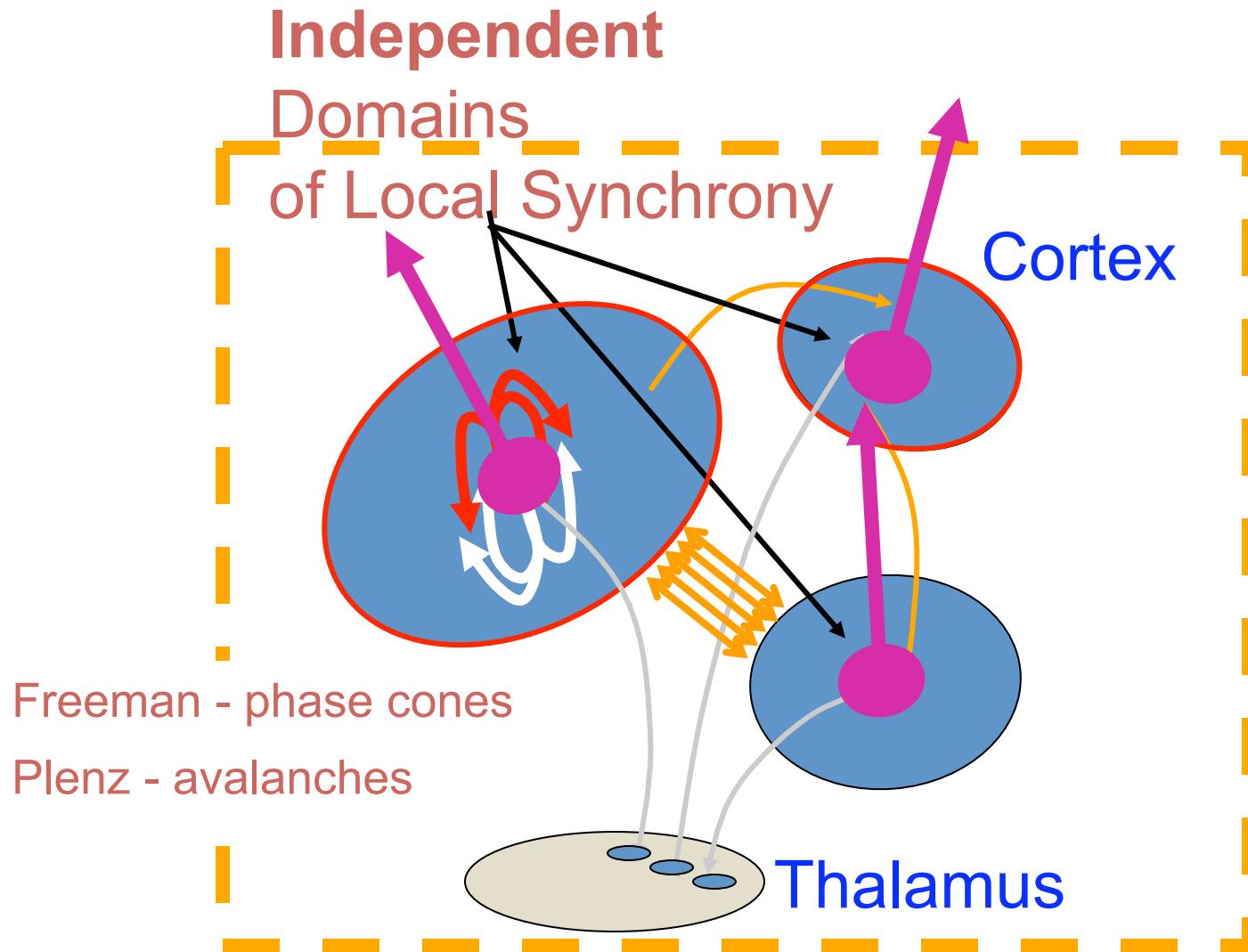
Abstract

Because of the differences between the left and right and their different activities, electroencephalographic (EEG) data collected from any point on the human scalp include activity generated while a task is being done. This spatial smearing of EEG data by volume conduction does not result in significant time delays. However, any

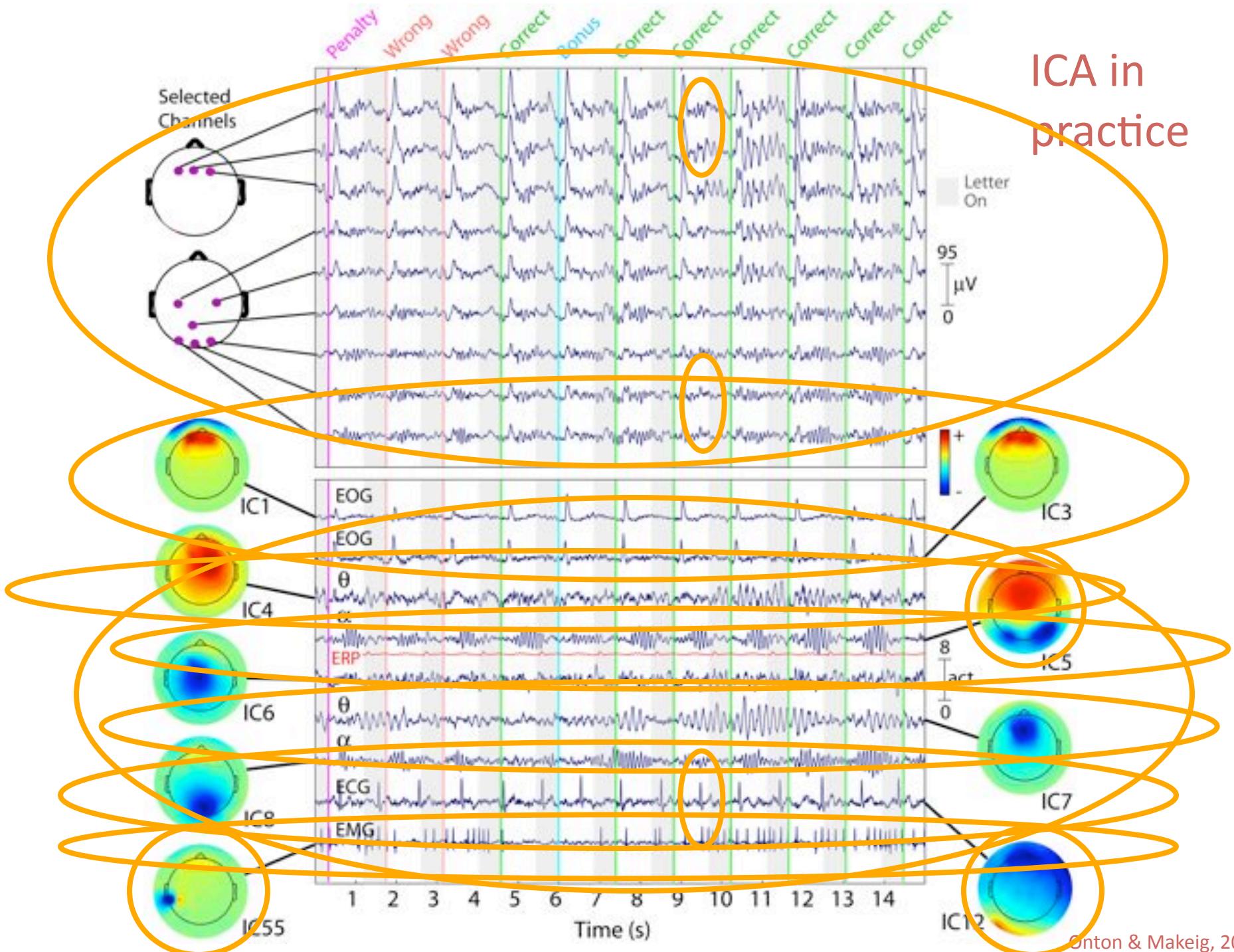
Infomax ICA

is a promising new technique to reduce and disentangle generated (EEG) data collected during a sustained auditory detection task shown: (1) ICA is able to distinguish 16 different random noise. (2) ICA was able to segregate diverse collected EEG components (eye movements, eye movements from other sources). (3) ICA is capable of isolating overlapping EEG phenomena, including alpha and theta bands and spatially separate the EEG components, no separate ICA channels. (4) Nonstationarities in EEG and behavioral tasks can be tracked using ICA via changes in the amount of mutual information between ICA filtered output channels.

Are EEG source outputs (nearly) independent?

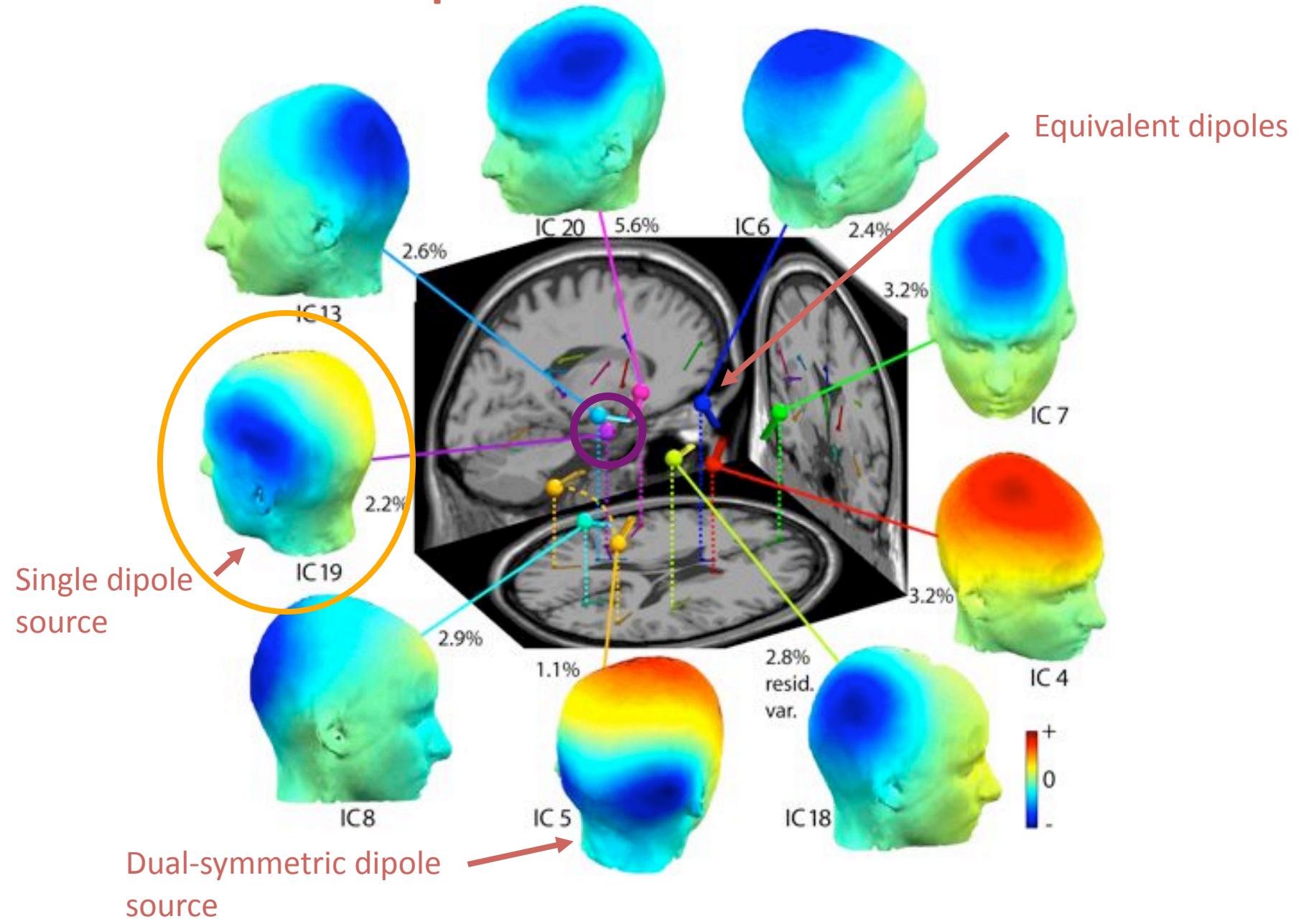


ICA in practice



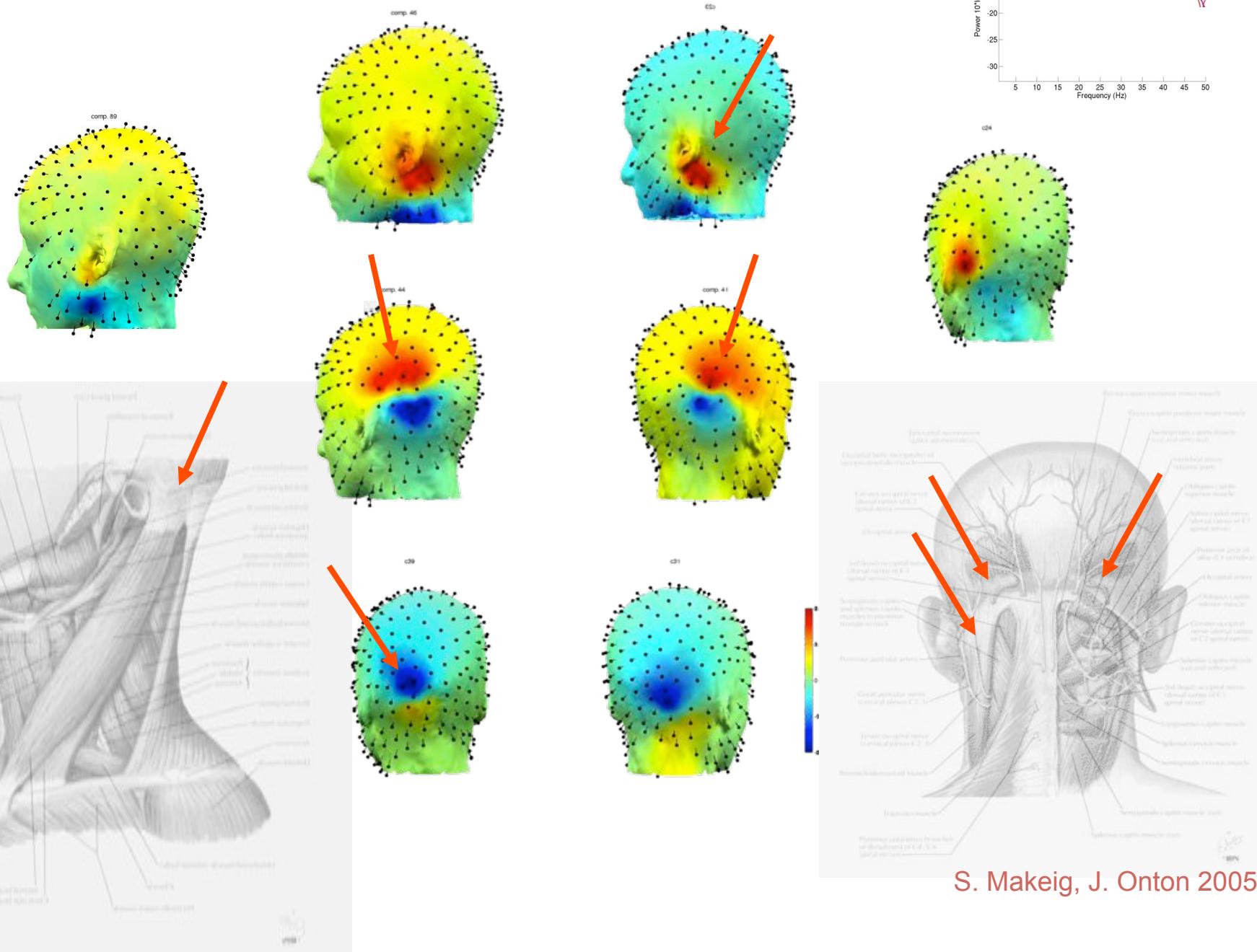
Onton & Makeig, 2006

Compact cortical EEG sources



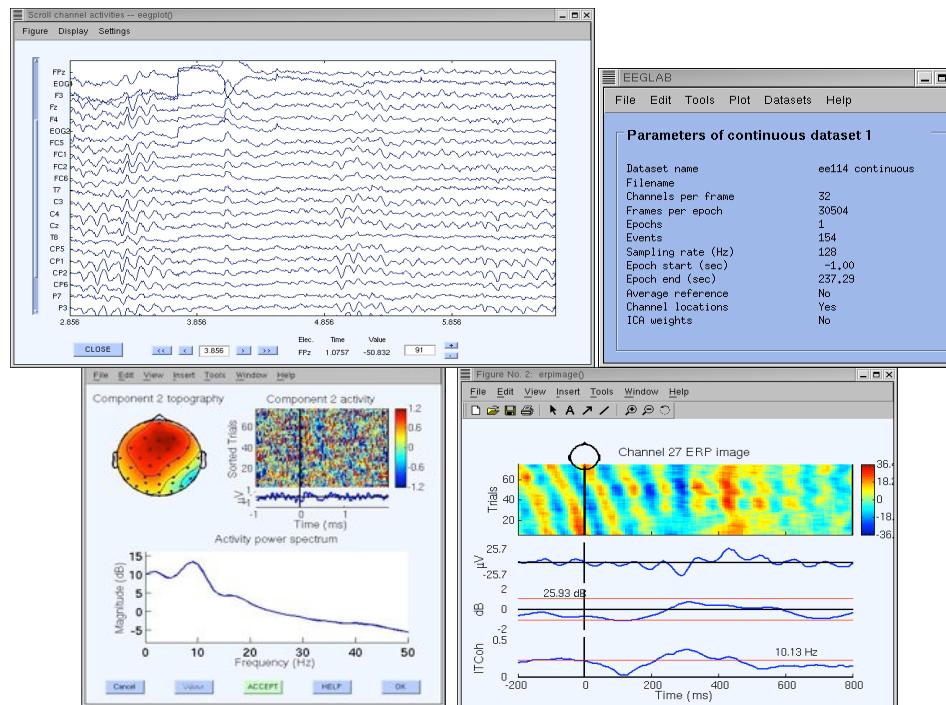
Julie Onton & S. Makeig (2006)

Independent muscle signals



EEGLAB

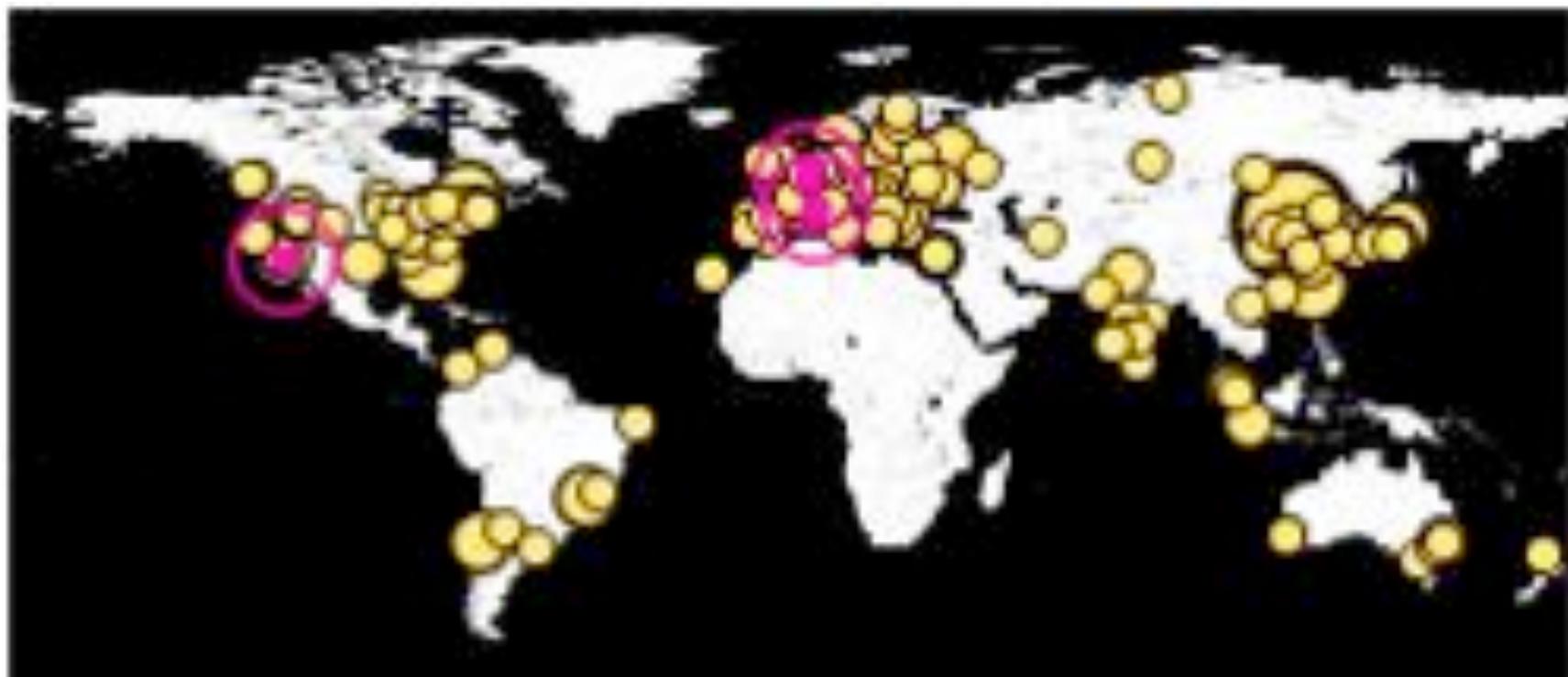
An open-source signal processing
environment for Matlab



<http://sccn.ucsd.edu/eeglab>

EEGLAB

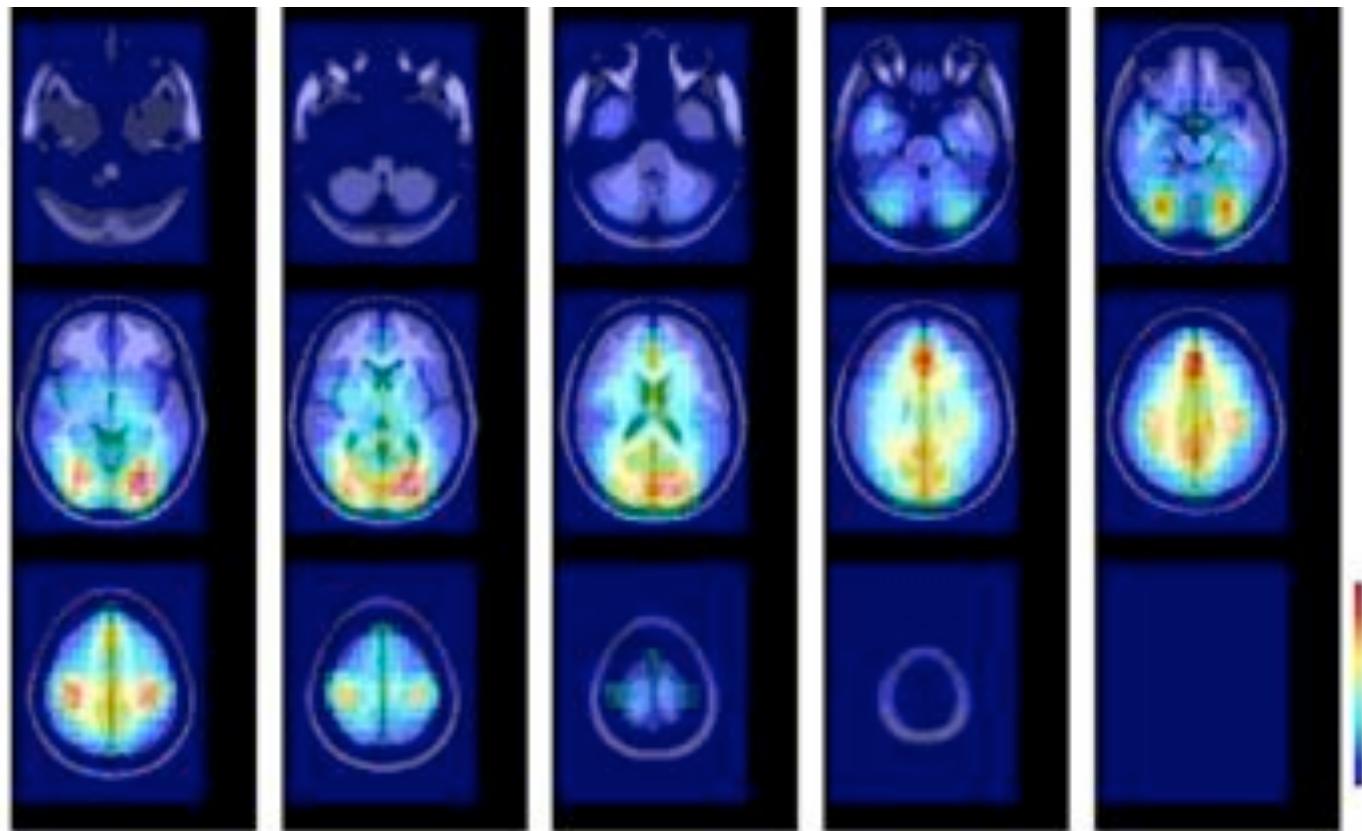
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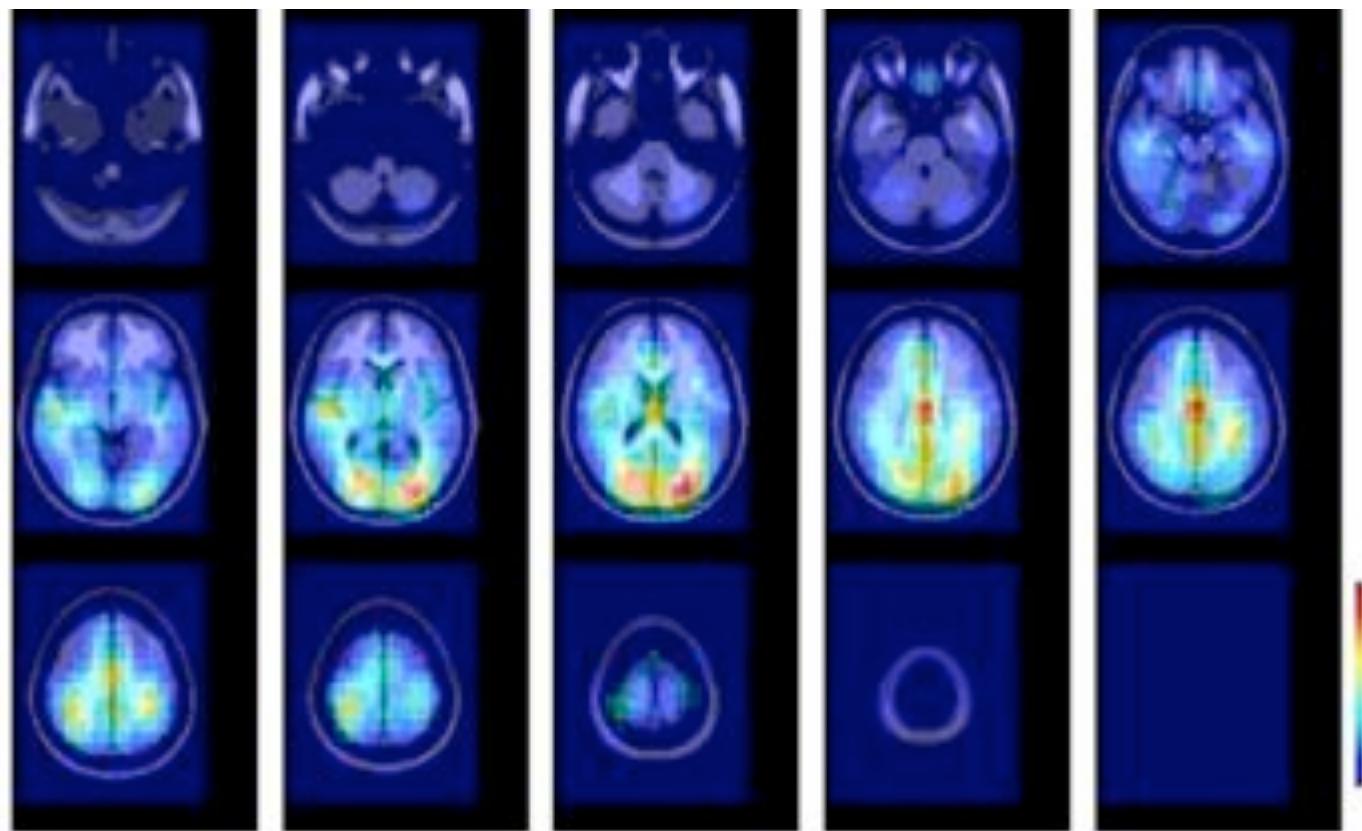
Equivalent dipole density

Visual Working Memory



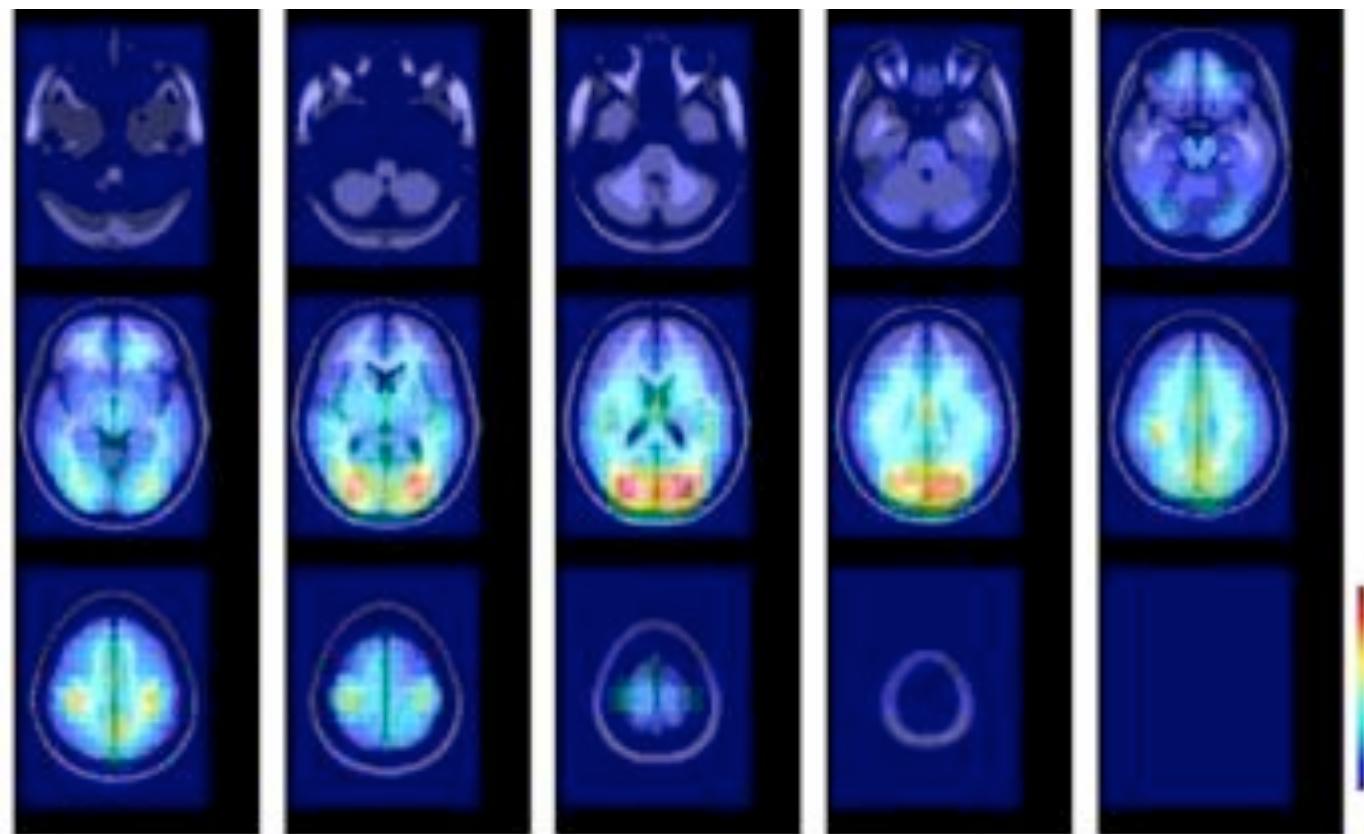
Equivalent dipole density

Auditory Novelty



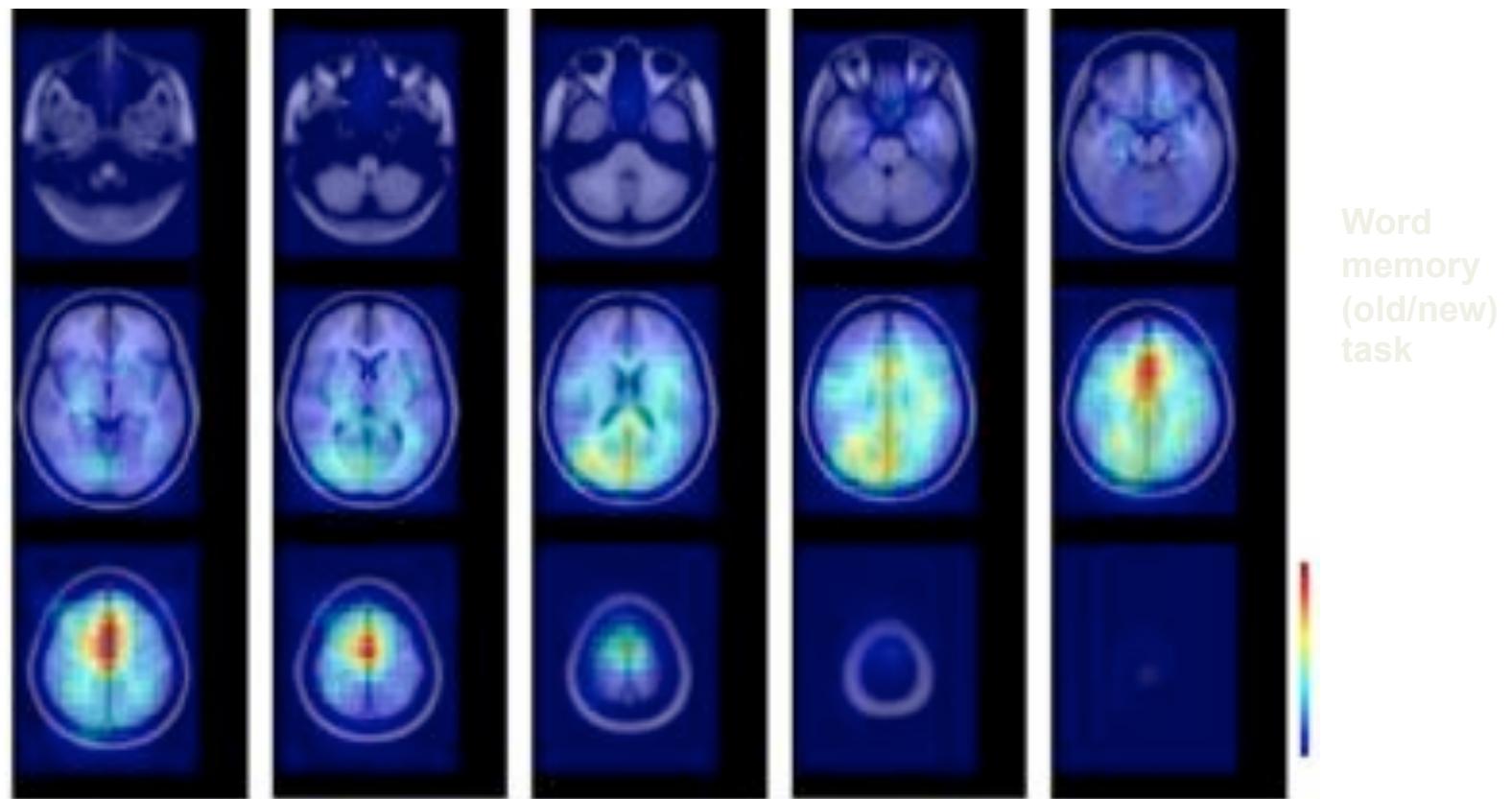
Equivalent dipole density

Emotion Imagination



Equivalent dipole density

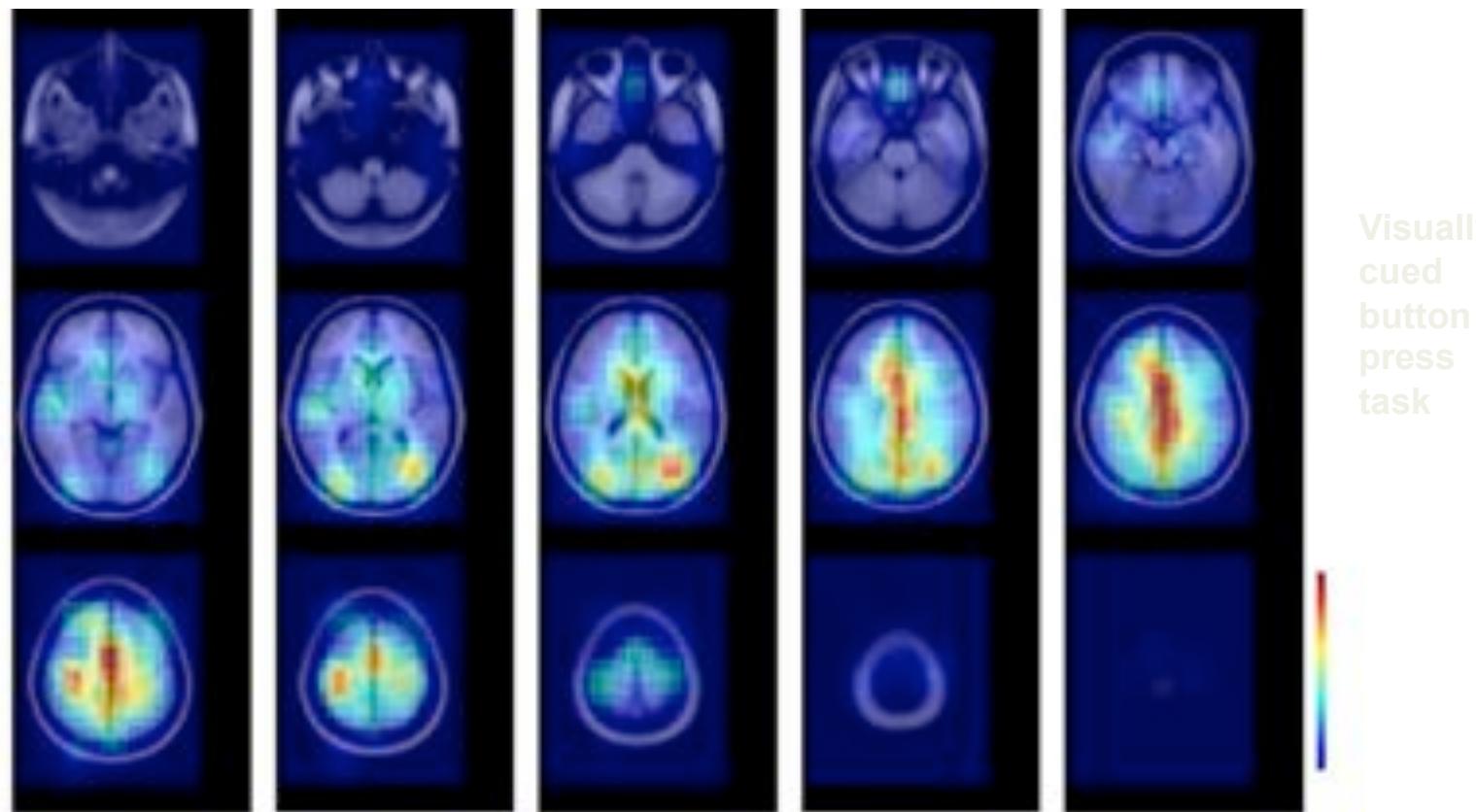
Task A – Old/New Word Memory



dipoledensity()

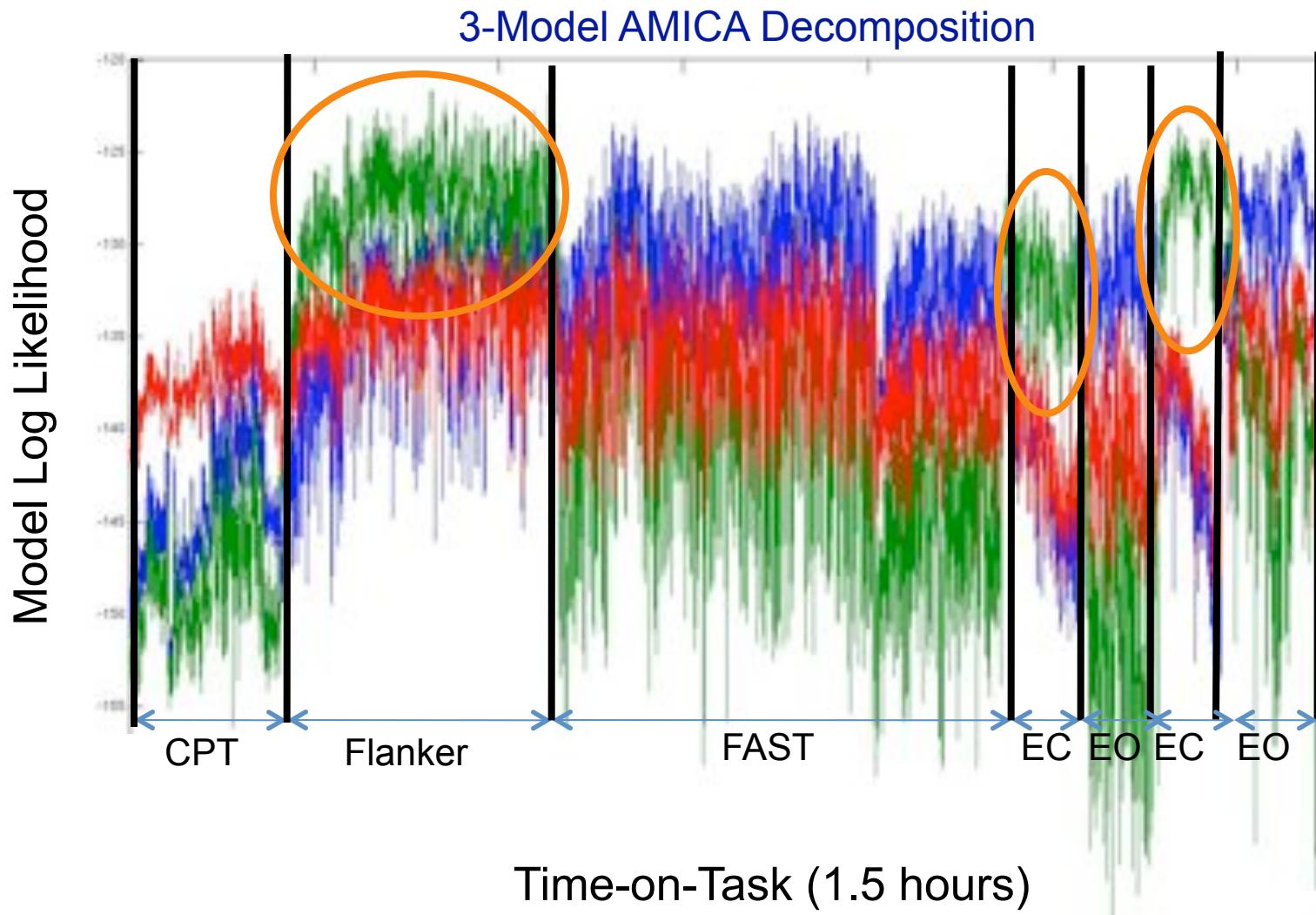
Equivalent dipole density

Task B – Cued finger movements



dipoledensity()

Modeling Spatiotemporal Variability



EEG States of Emotion Imagination

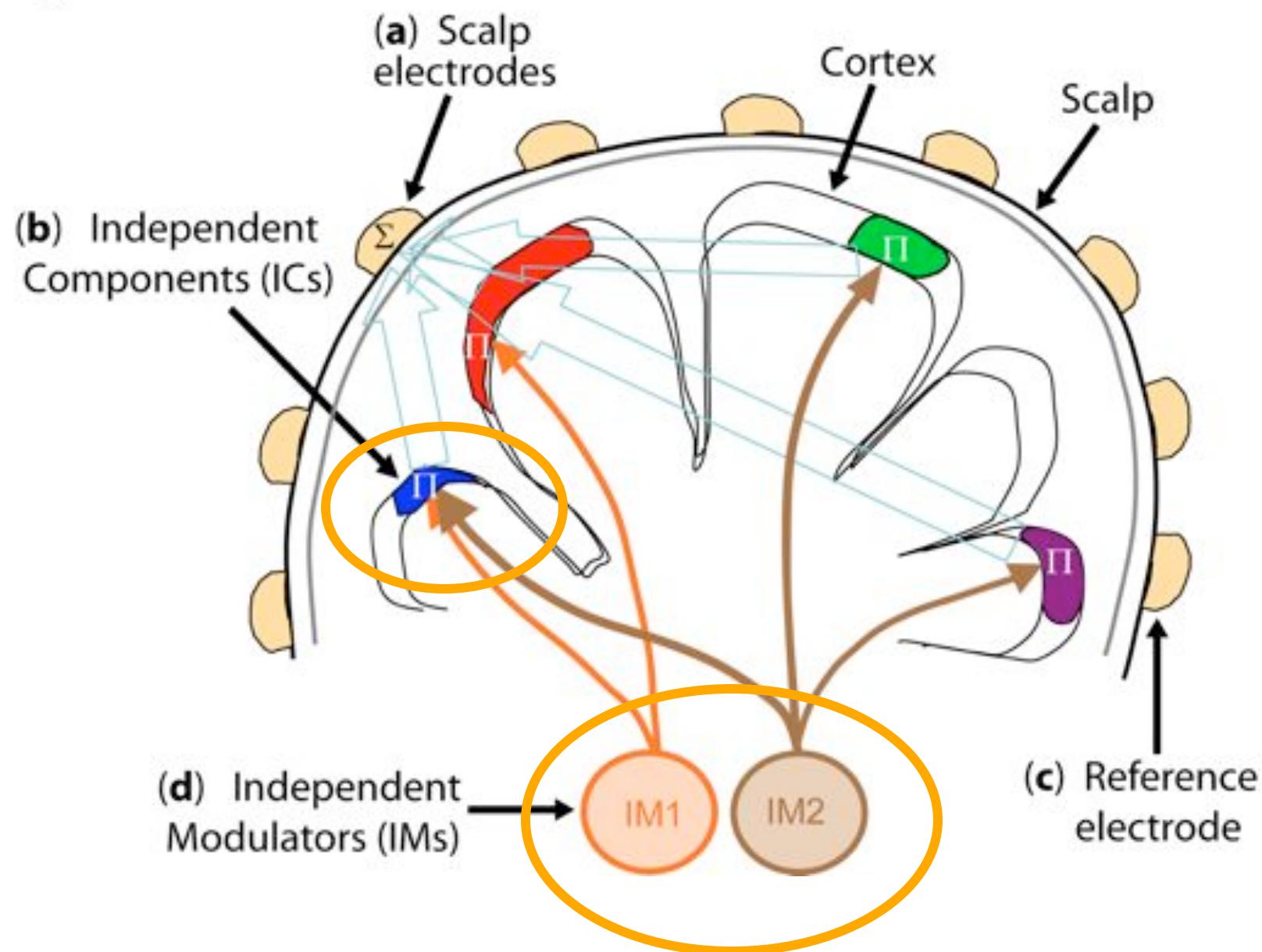
Suggest the imaginative experience of 15 different emotions:

- initial relaxation
- alternate positive and negative emotions
- relaxation between emotion episodes
- obtained 1-5 min periods of eyes-closed spontaneous EEG
- 33 subjects

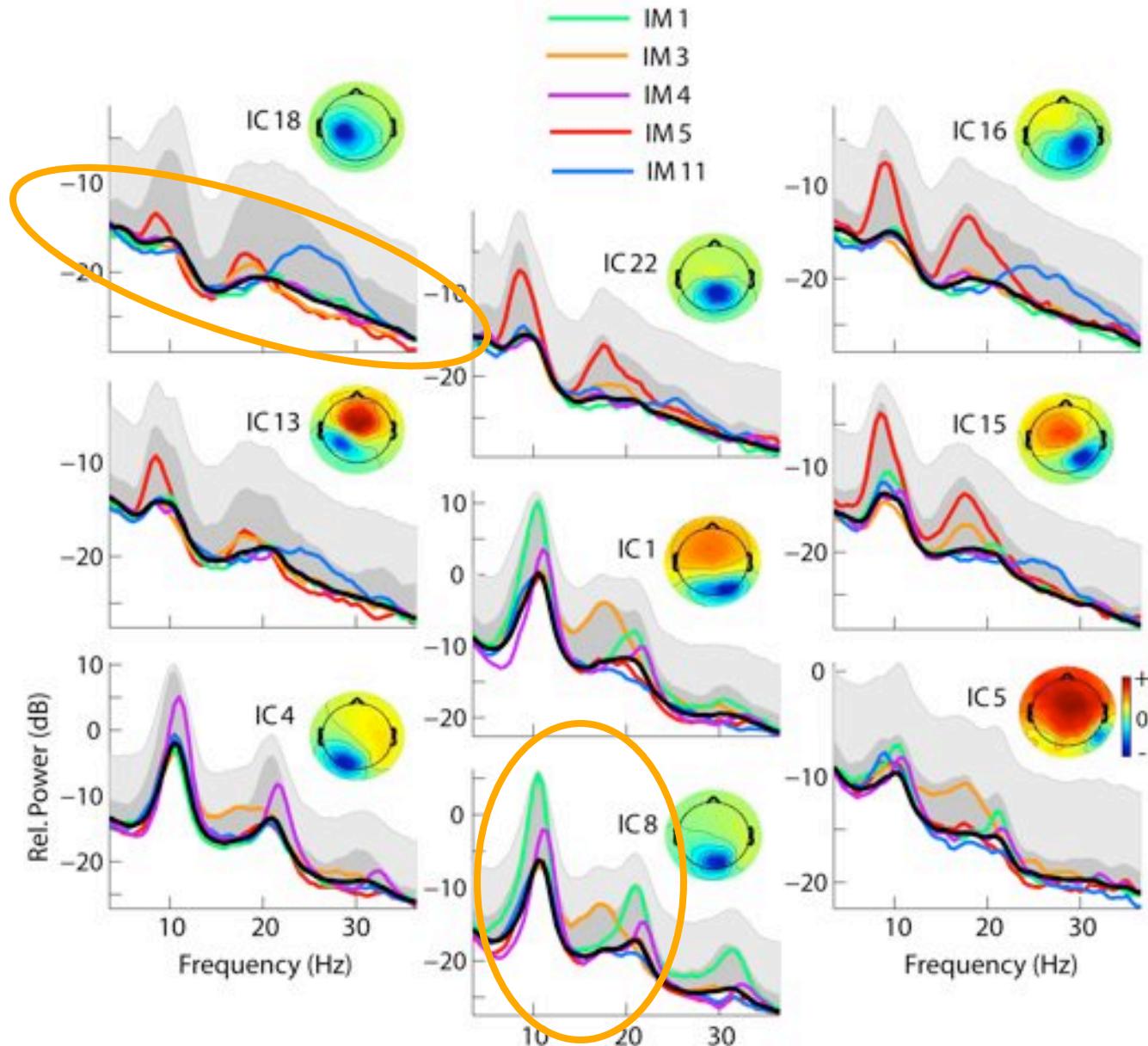


Onton & Makeig, *Frontiers* 2009

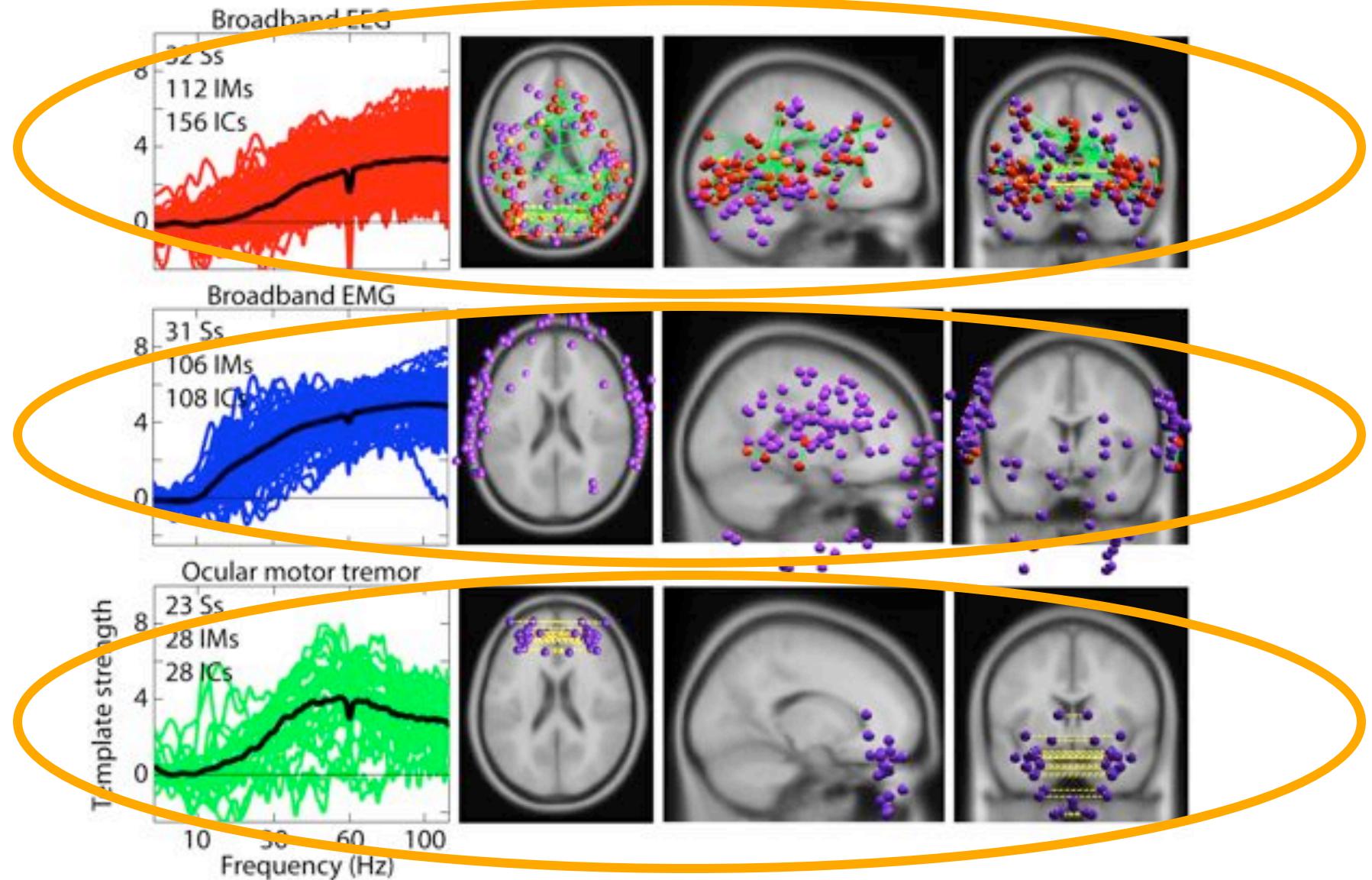
Independent Modulators



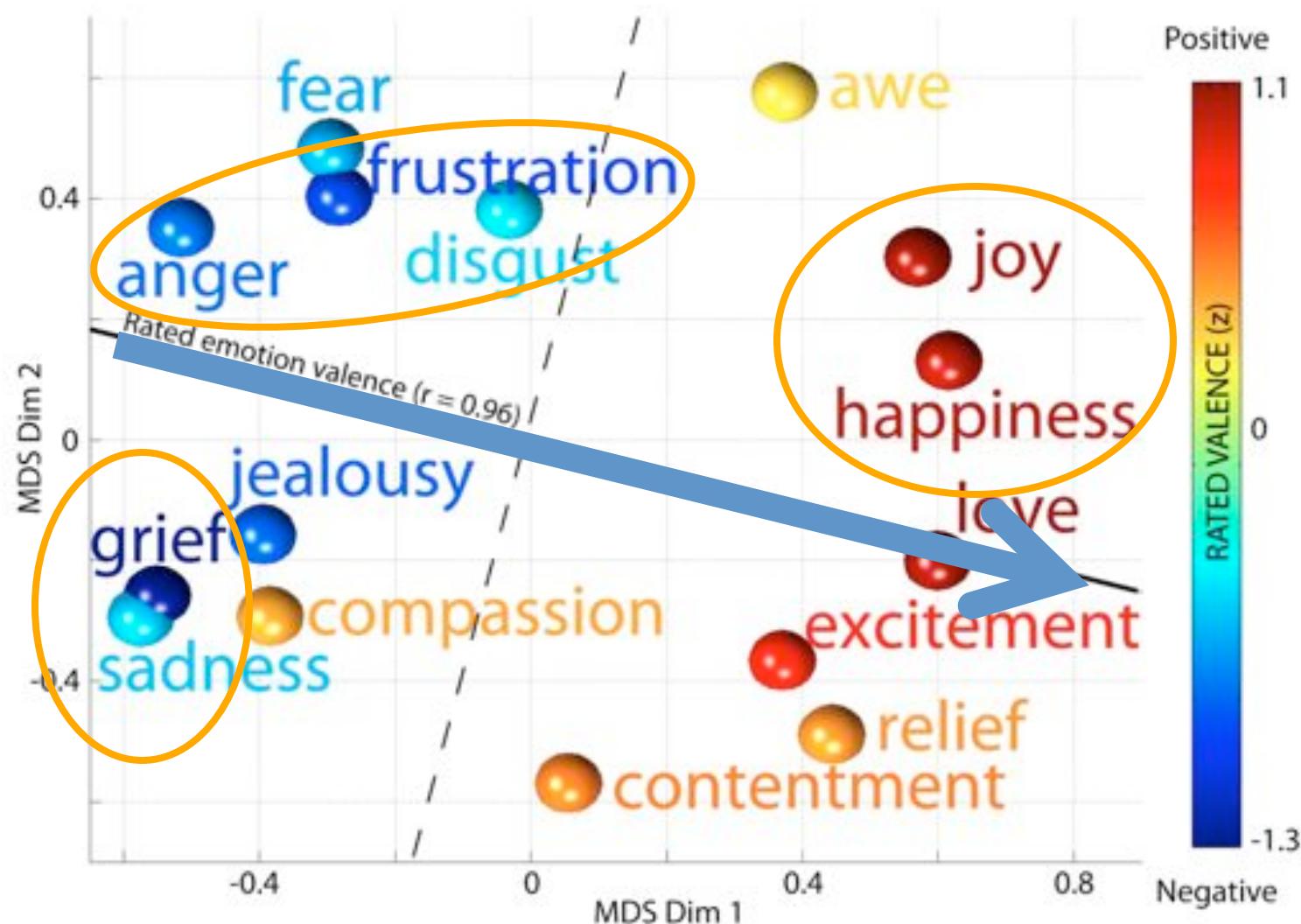
Independent modes of spectral modulation



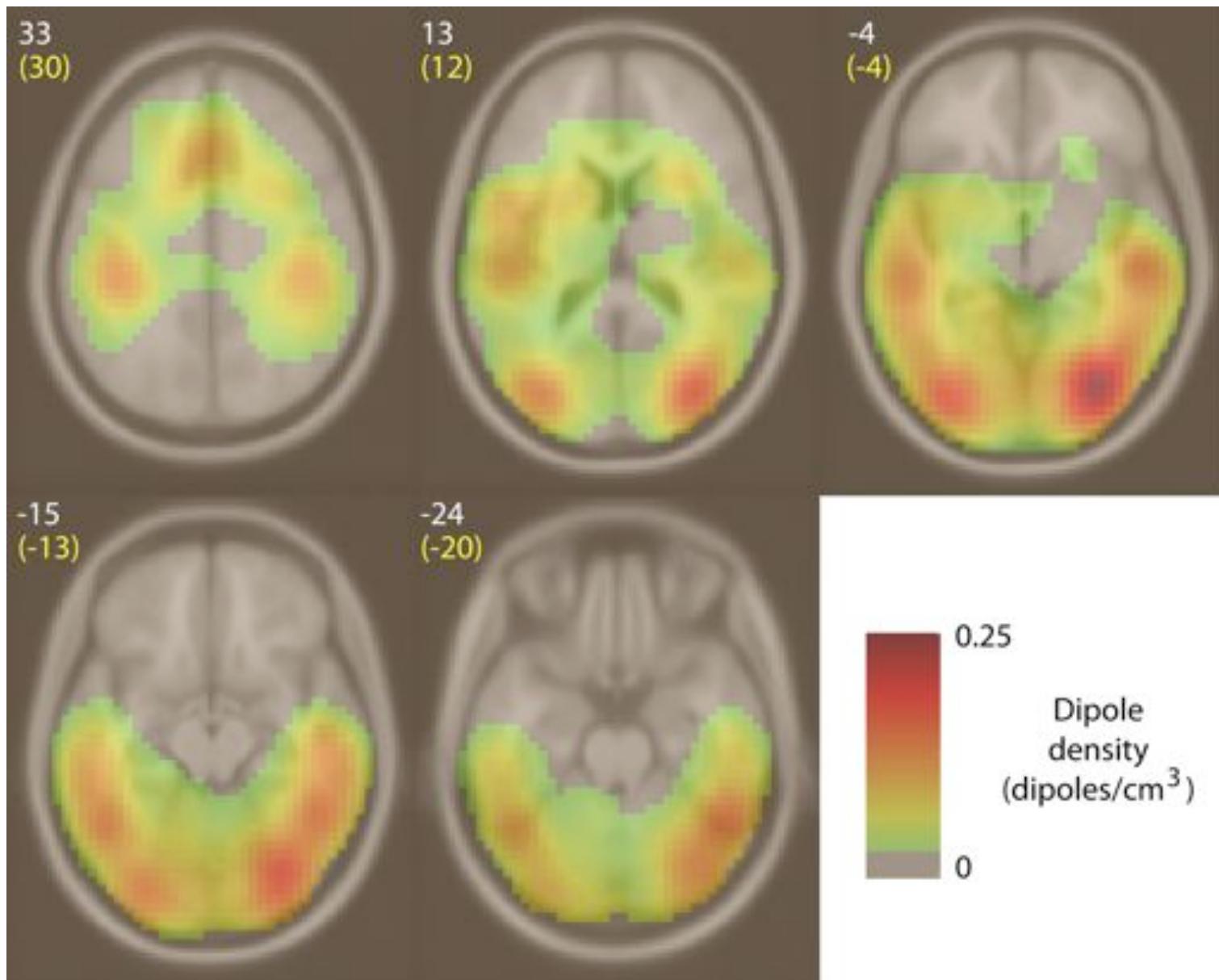
Broadband high-frequency modes



Changes in broadband power with imagined emotion

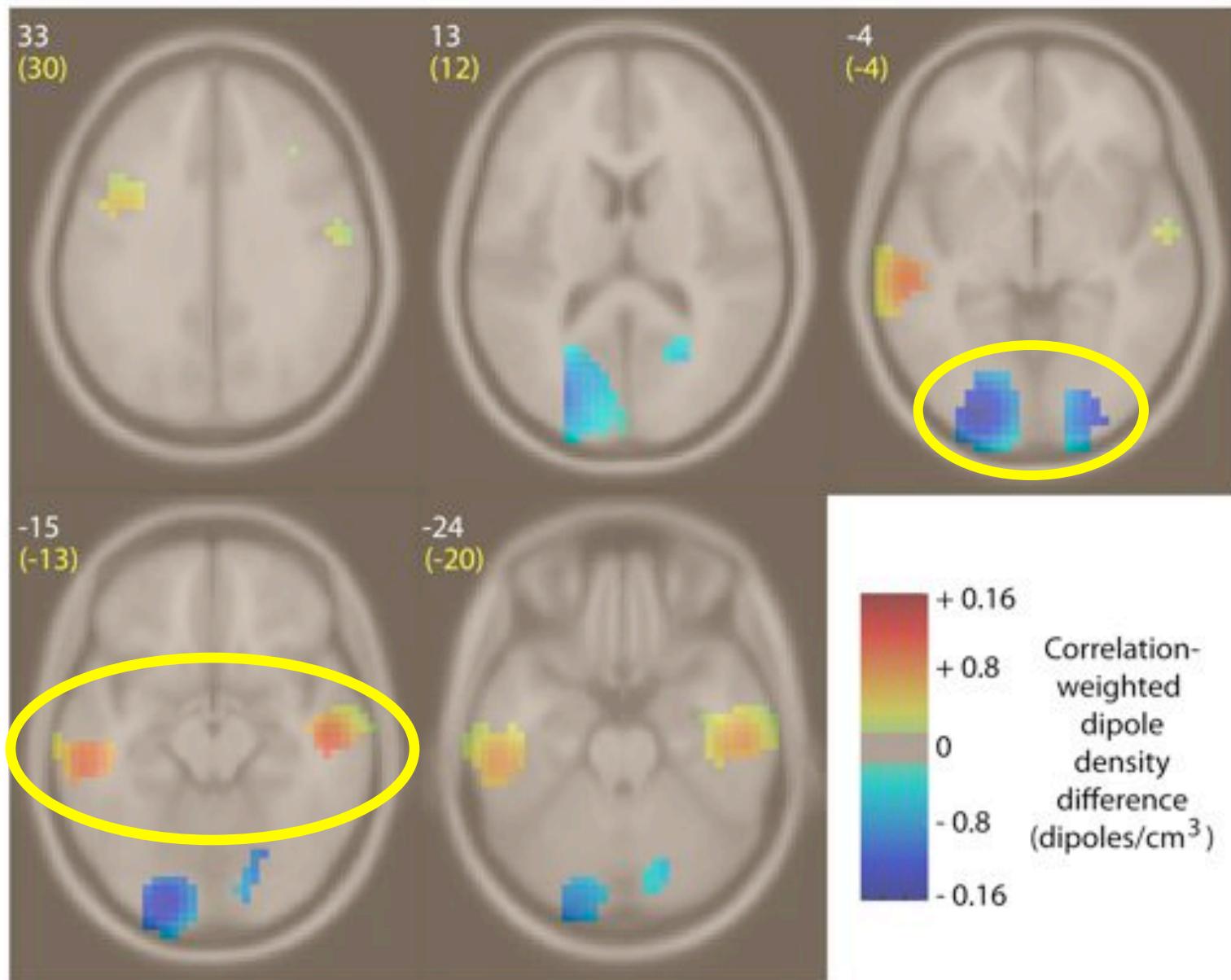


Distribution of broadband modes



Onton & Makeig, *Frontiers in Human Neuroscience* '09

Positive and negative valence modes



Just: A Suite for Flute, Violin, Cello, and Brain



Fourth International BCI Meeting
Asilomar Meeting Grounds, Pacific Grove, CA
June, 2010

Distributed BrainDynamic Events

I realized that ...

It struck me that ...

All of a sudden ...
Distributed
I wondered if ...

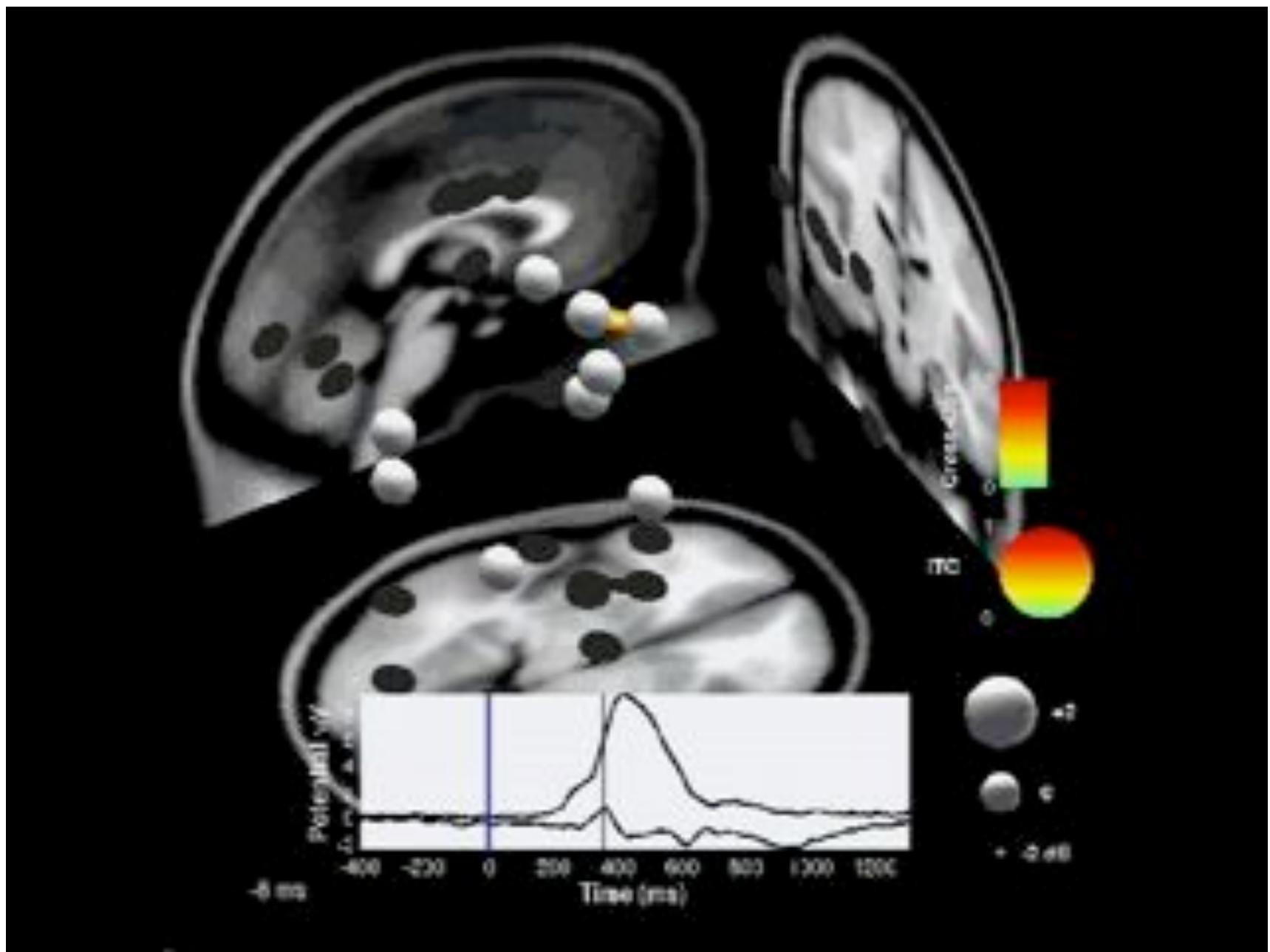
I looked to see if ...
Brain Dynamic
The feeling hit me that ...
I noticed that ...
I looked again at

I decided that ...
Events

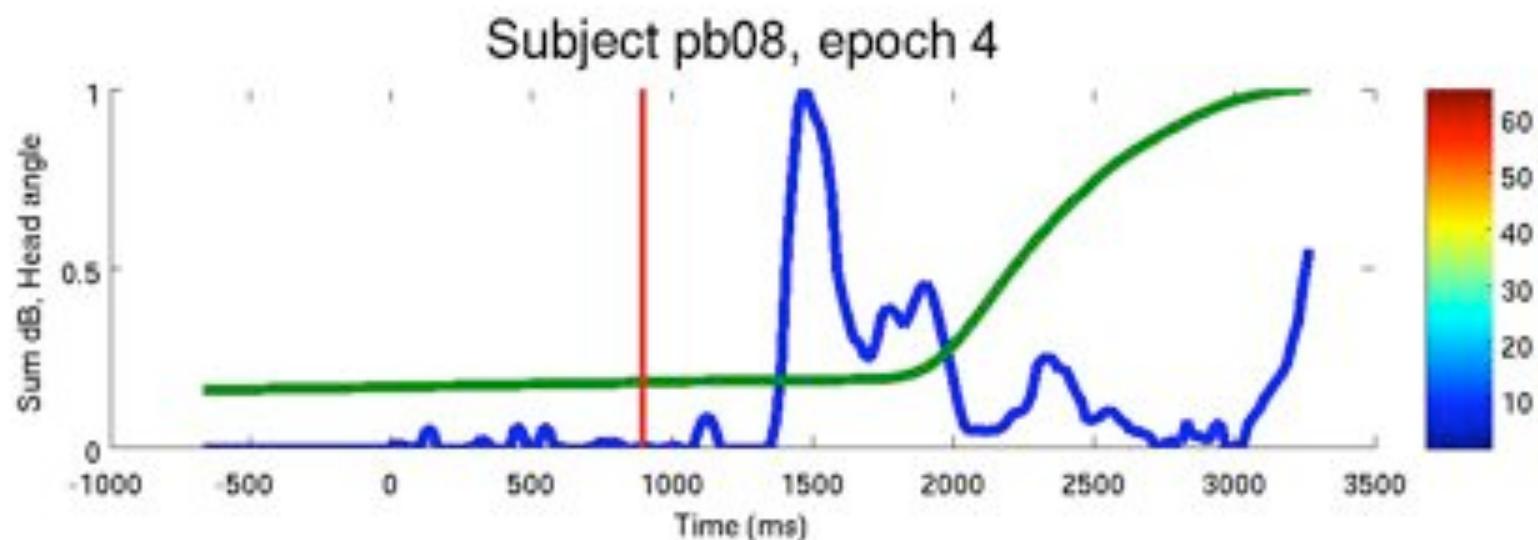
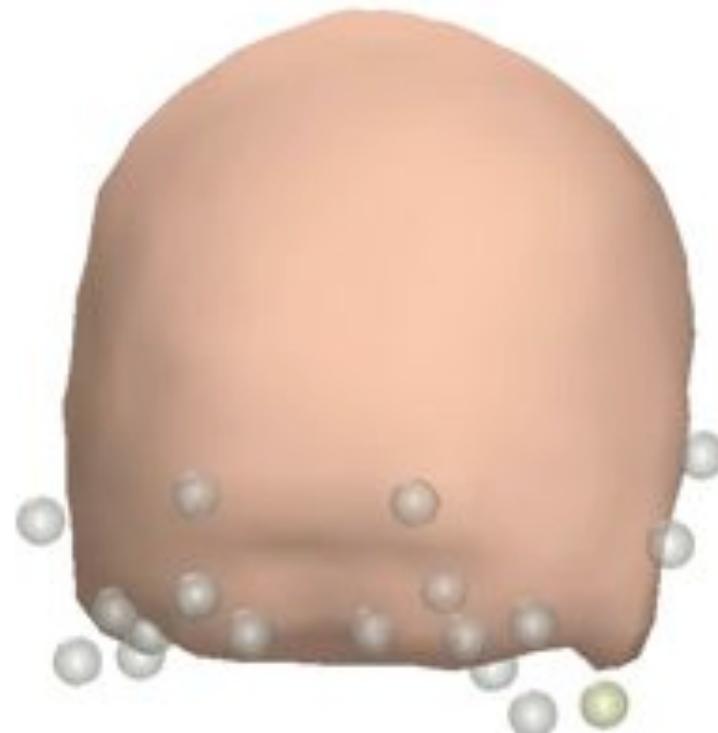
It occurred to me that ...

I imagined ...

I searched my memory for ...

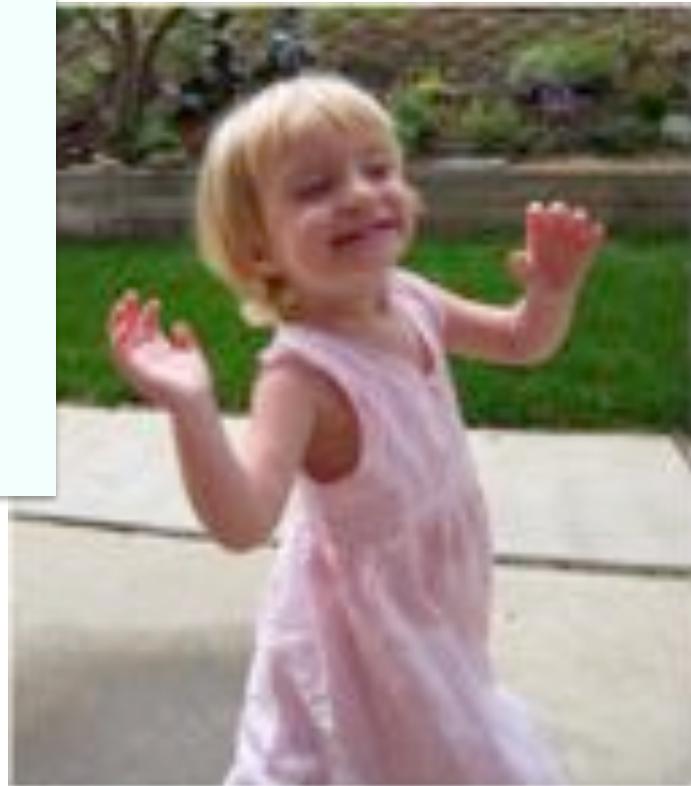


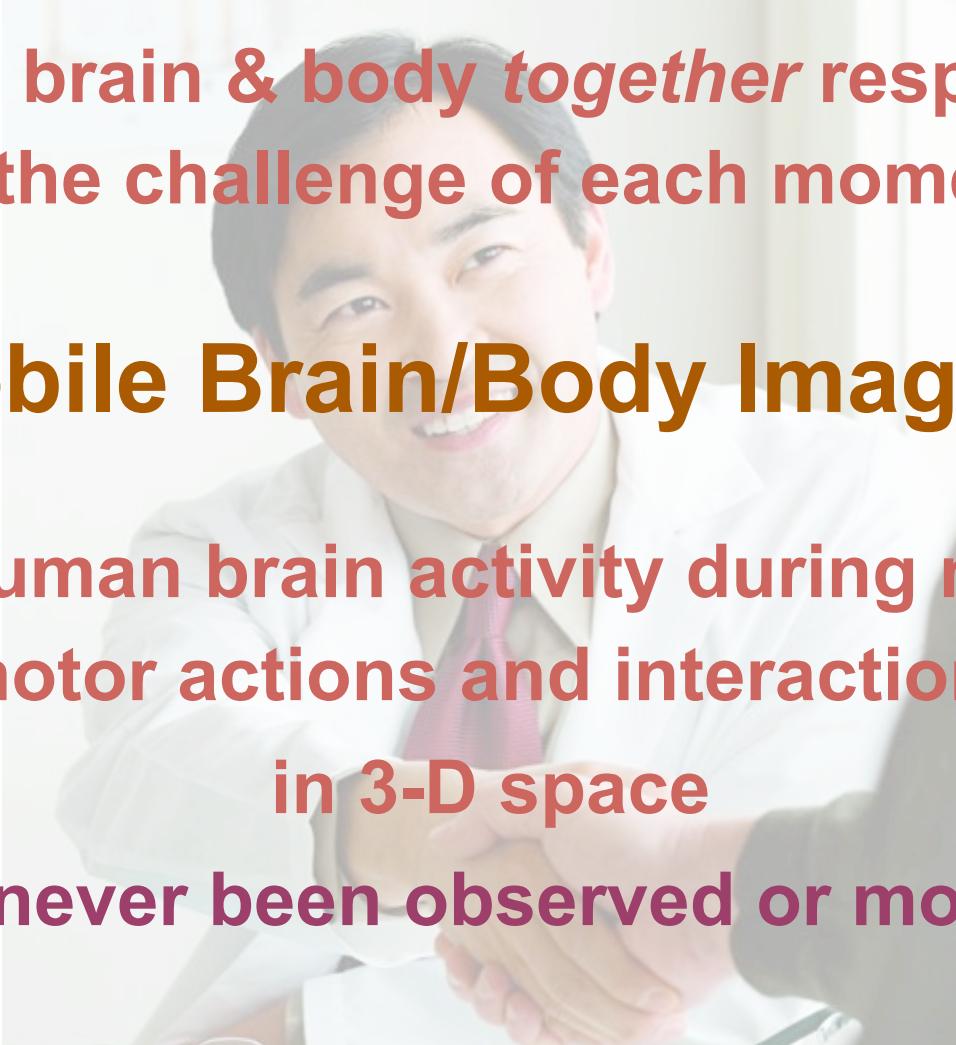
Distributed muscle / movement events



Human Agency & Embodied Cognition

Brain processes
have evolved and function
*to optimize the **outcome***
*of our **behavior***
in response to
perceived challenges
and opportunities.





**The brain & body *together* respond
to the challenge of each moment.**

Mobile Brain/Body Imaging

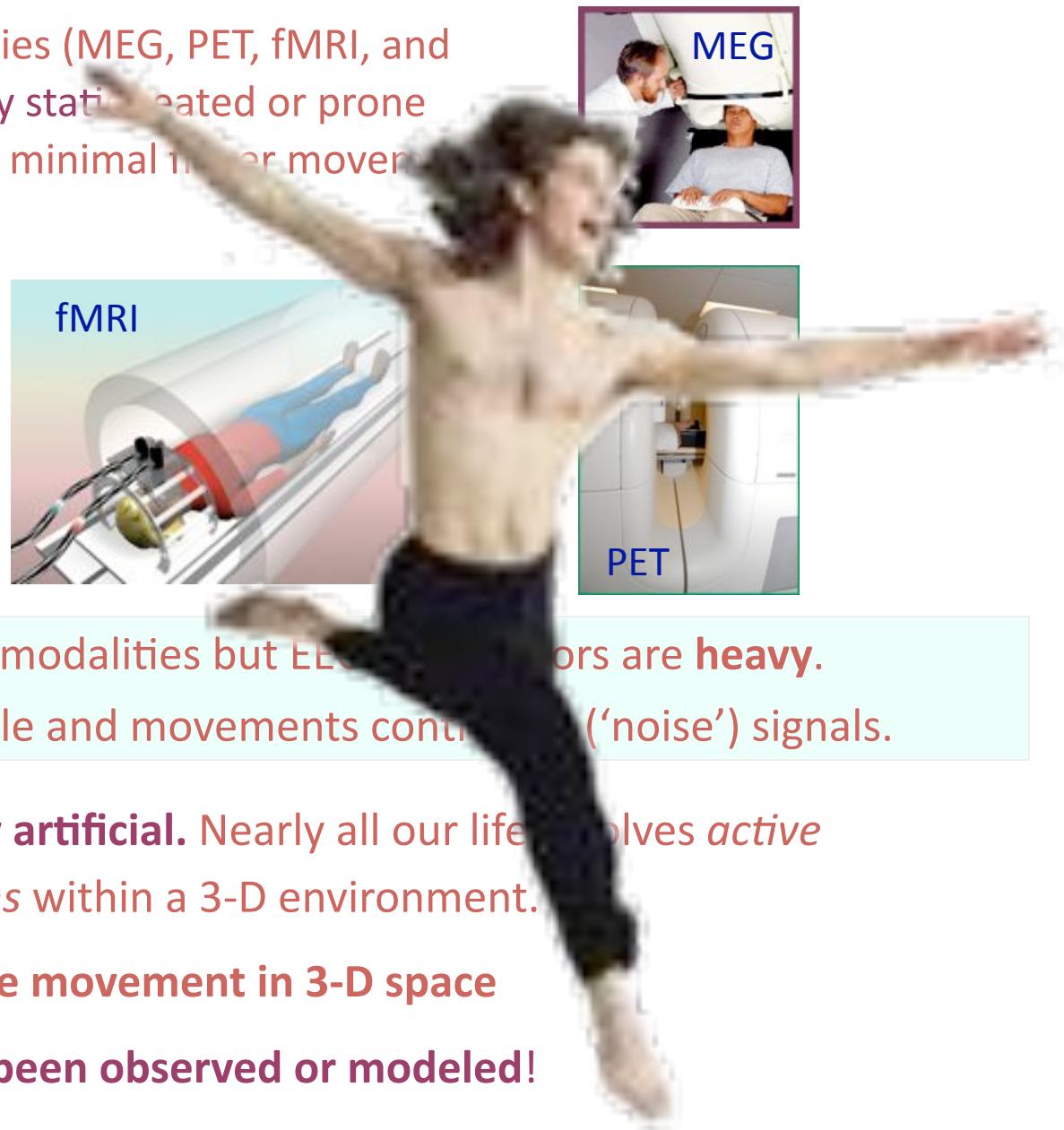
**But human brain activity during natural
motor actions and interactions
in 3-D space
has never been observed or modeled !**

Brain imaging during natural behavior ?

- Nearly all brain imaging studies (MEG, PET, fMRI, and EEG) are conducted in rigidly static seated or prone positions with only the most minimal finger movement allowed.



Why?



- But this limitation is highly artificial. Nearly all our life involves *active movements* and *interactions* within a 3-D environment.
- Brain activity during free movement in 3-D space has never been observed or modeled!

MICRO



$\sim 1,000,000$ GHz

SPIKES

LFP

ECOG

EEG

MACRO

~ 1 MHz

?

BEHAVIOR

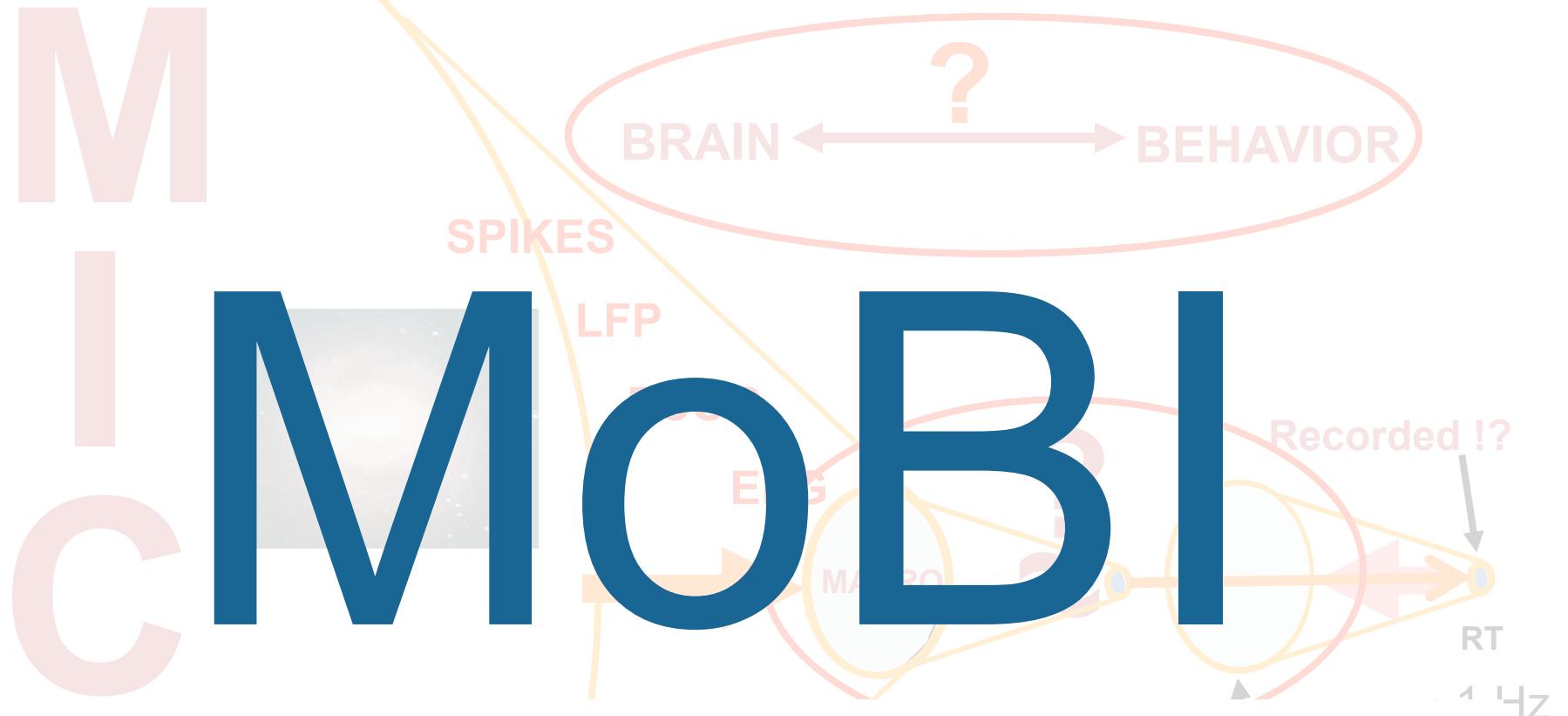
?

Recorded !?

RT
 ~ 1 Hz

?? Hz

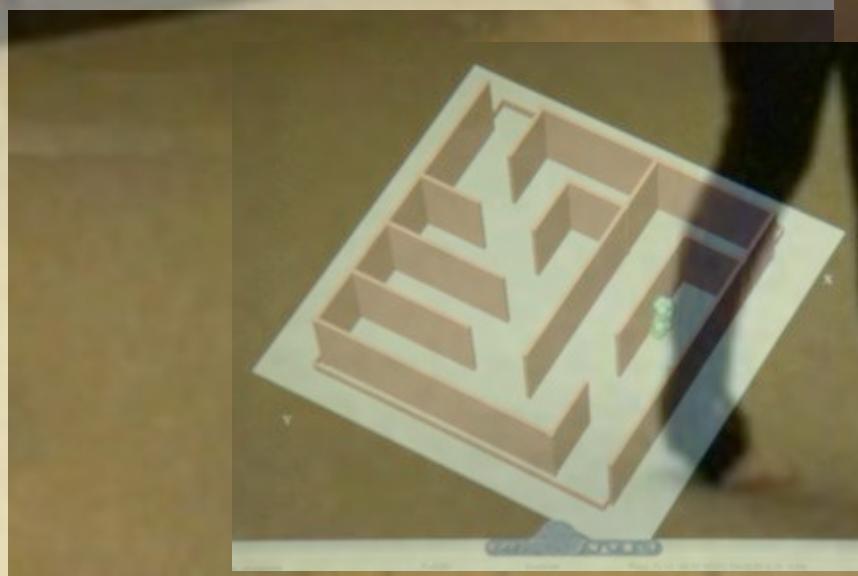
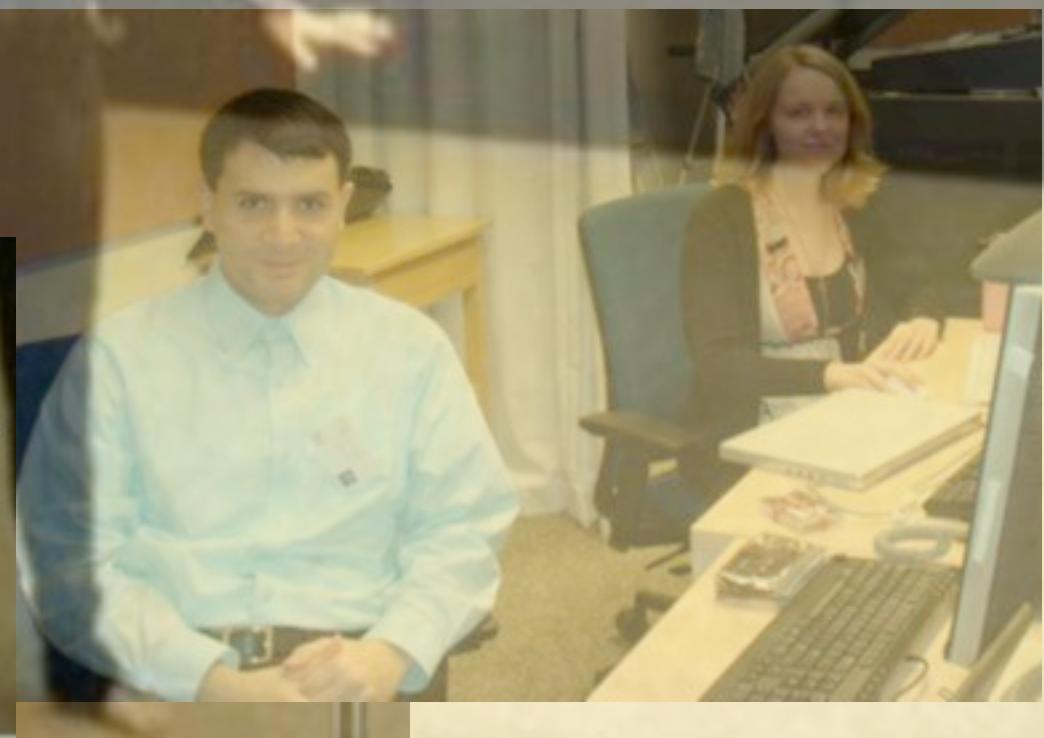
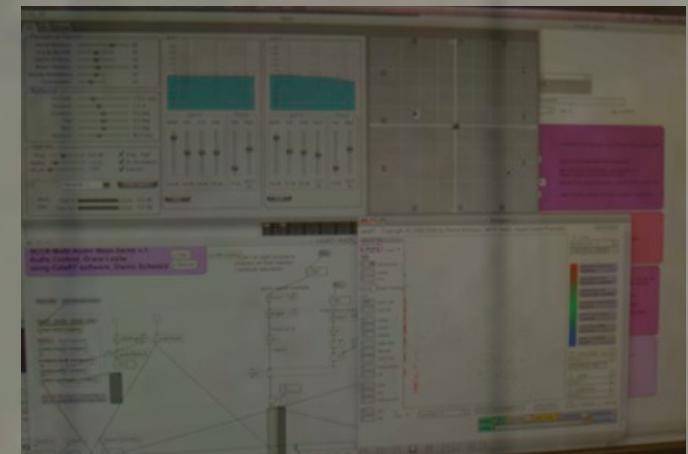
Observable



Mobile Brain/Body Imaging

- Record what the brain does,
- What the brain experiences,
- And what the brain controls.

MoBI Lab at SCCN, UCSD



<http://thesciencenetwork.org/programs/inc-sccn-open-house/inc-sccn-open-house-hi-lite-reel>

MoBI Systems for Cognitive Monitoring



- Alertness
- Arousal
- Attention
- Anticipation
- Agency
- Affect



Brain-Computer Interface (BCI) Systems

for willed control ...

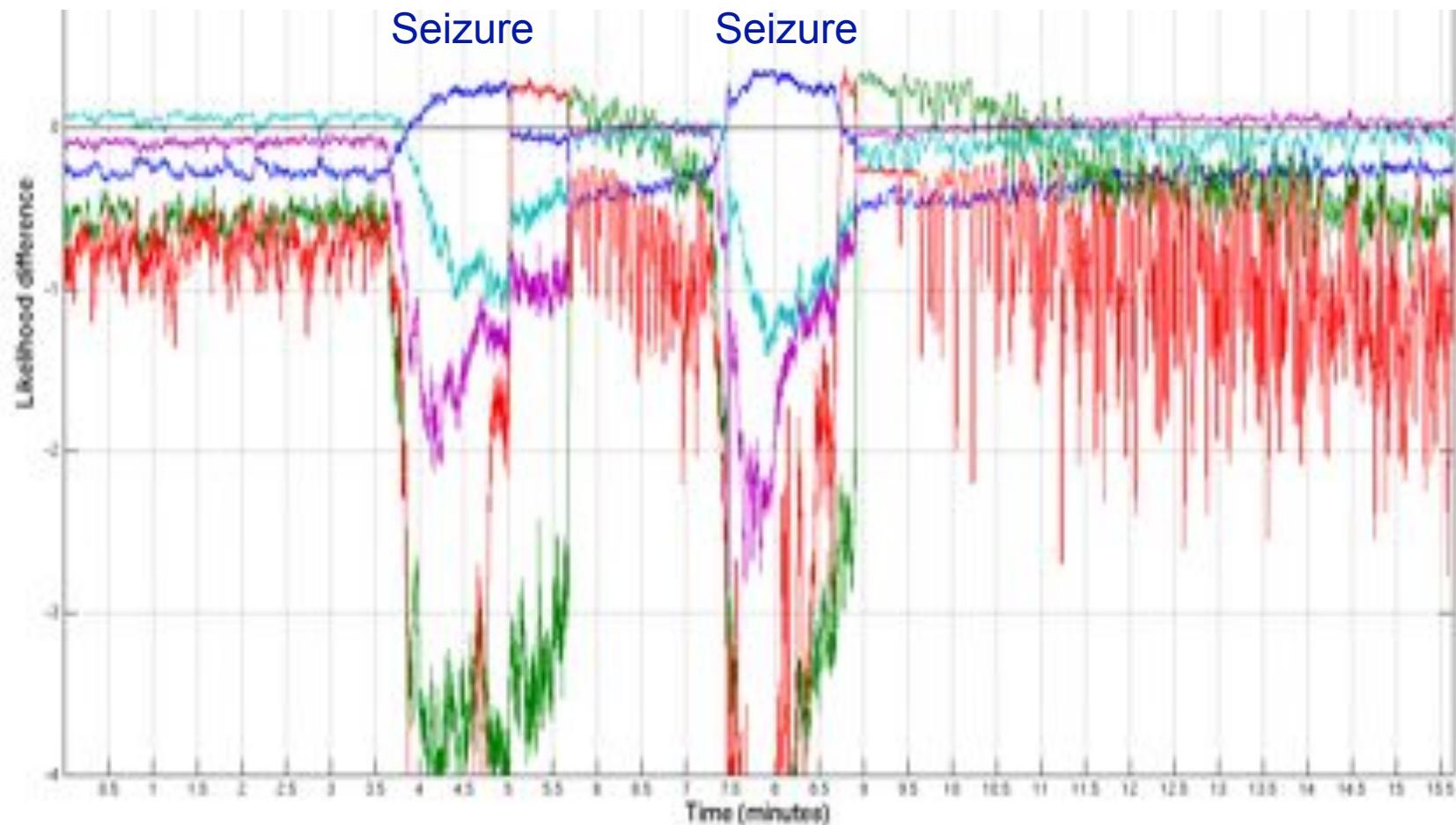


S . Makeig

Electrocortical source imaging (ESI) systems for clinical research, diagnosis, and treatment

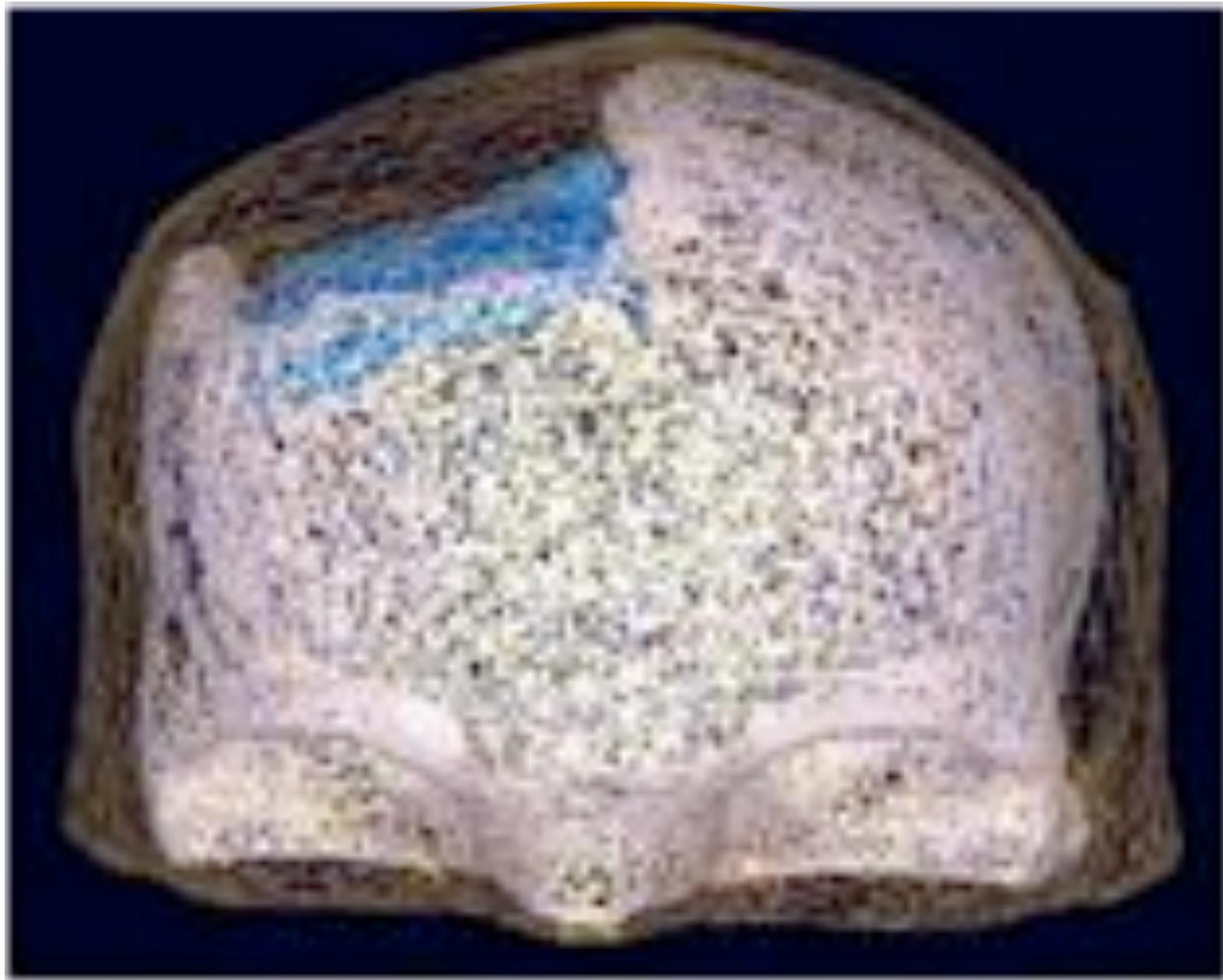
- EEG & MoBI are low-cost relative to other brain imaging systems;
- This allows future wide distribution of these systems,
- And their use in very large research studies.
- Very large online data resources are possible (HeadIT);
- These may improve the speed and quality of BCI,
cognitive monitoring, and clinical imaging systems.
- Extremely high-density EEG & MoBI imaging systems are possible;
- These may allow new discoveries – in electro-acupuncture, etc.

Electrocortical source imaging (ESI) systems for clinical research, diagnosis, and treatment



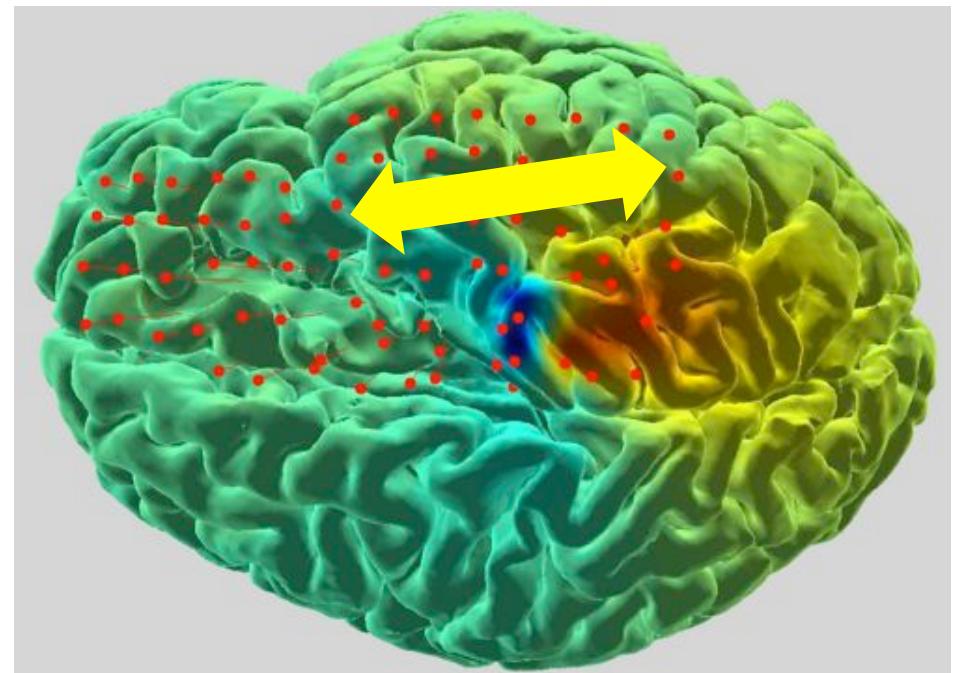
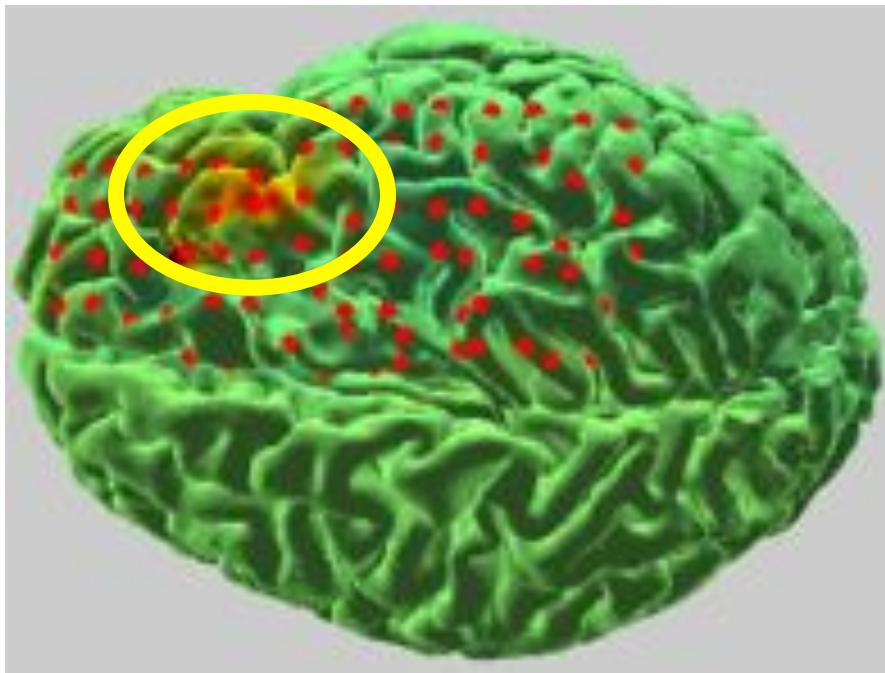
J. Palmer, G. Worrell, Z. Akalin Acar, S. Makeig 2008

Electrocortical source imaging (ESI)

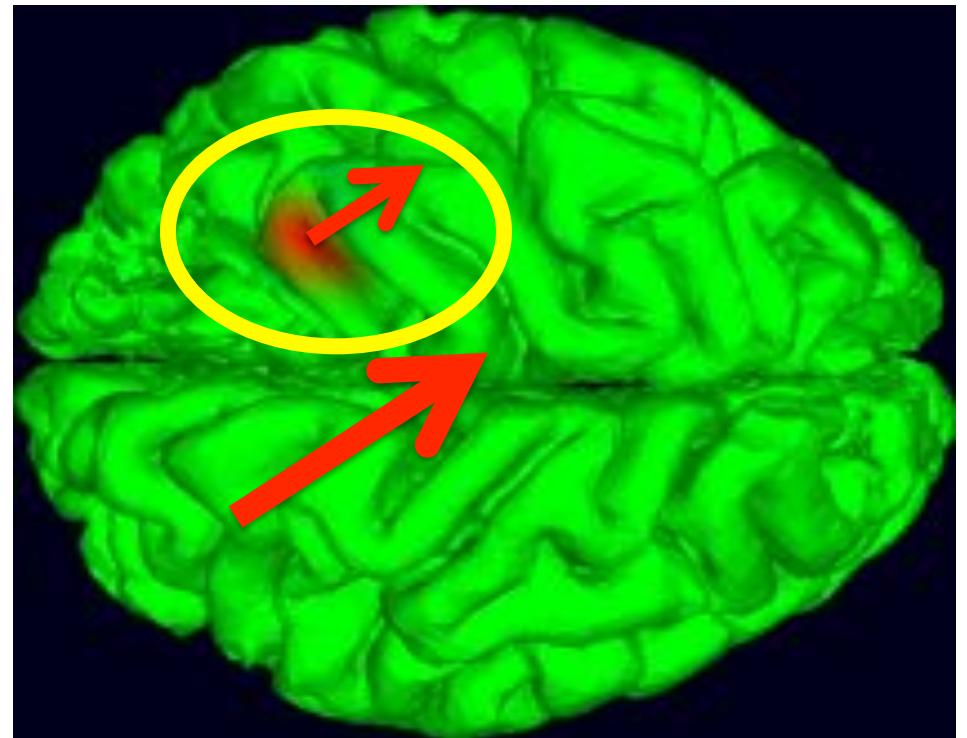
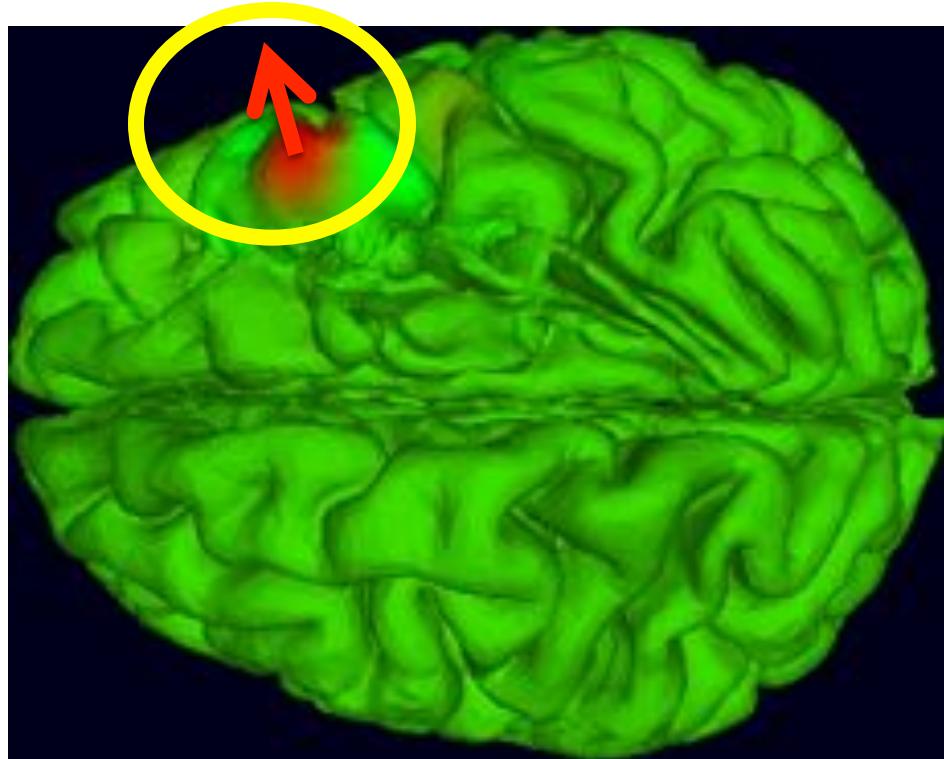


car 2009

Electrocortical source imaging (ESI)



Electrocortical source imaging (ESI)



Functional EEG brain imaging

Paradigm shift !

→ EEG is something to use, not just something to inspect ...

Goals:

1. Modeling dynamic, distributed brain/body events
to understand how the brain works !
2. Mobile Brain/Body Imaging (MoBI)
for cognitive monitoring.
3. Brain-Computer Interface (BCI)
for willed control.
4. Electrocortical source imaging (ESI)
for medical diagnosis and treatment.

